

ABB MEASUREMENT & ANALYTICS | DATA SHEET

VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450

Vortex flowmeter



Measurement made easy

Reliable measurement of liquids, gases and steam in volume, mass or energy units

Flexible Connectivity

Choose from a wide range of communication options to fit your system:

- Analog and digital protocols: 4–20 mA/HART®, Modbus RTU®, PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®
- Modern Ethernet-APL™: Modbus TCP®, PROFINET®, Webserver
- Optional Bluetooth via SMART HMI for wireless access

Reliable Performance in Demanding Conditions

Built to deliver stable and accurate results across applications:

- Drift-free sensor design ensures long-term measurement stability
- Standardized installation lengths for easy replacement (NAMUR-compliant)
- High resistance to pipe vibrations and process noise

Fast Setup & Intuitive Operation

Save time during commissioning and daily use:

- Easy Set-up menu for guided configuration
- Autozero function for quick adaptation to changing environments
- Capacitive buttons for operation through the front glass
- Tool-free, programming-free electronics module exchange via Integrated SensorMemory

Smart Diagnostics & Support

Stay in control with built-in intelligence:

- Real-time self-diagnostics with clear text messages
- 24/7 support via “My Measurement Assistant”: error codes, tutorials, checklists

Integrated Energy Measurement

Measure more than just flow:

- Built-in temperature sensor
- Easy connection of external pressure transmitters
- Direct mass and energy calculation for steam and water

Overview – models

Sensor



- ① Integral mount design in flange design
- ② Integral mount design in wafer type design
- ③ Remote mount design with transmitter
- ④ Remote mount design with dual sensor

Figure 1: VortexMaster FSV430 / FSV450

Sensor		
Model number	FSV430	FSV450
Design	Integral mount design, remote mount design	
IP degree of protection in accordance with EN 60529	IP 66, IP 67, NEMA 4X	
Measuring accuracy for liquids*	≤ ±0.65 % under reference conditions	
Measuring accuracy for gases and vapors*	≤ ±0.9 % under reference conditions	
Repeatability*	DN 15 (½ in): ≤ ±0.3 %, DN 15 (½ in) to DN 150 (6 in): ≤ ±0.2 %, from DN 200 (8 in): ≤ ±0.25 %	
Permissible viscosity for liquids	DN 15 (½ in): ≤ 4 mPa s, DN 25 (1 in): ≤ 5 mPa s, from DN 40 (1½ in): ≤ 7.5 mPa s	
Measuring span (typical)	1:20	
Process connections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flange: DN 15 to 300 (½ in to 12 in) • Wafer type: DN 25 to 150 (1 in to 6 in) 	
Inlet / outlet sections (typical)	Inlet section: 15 × DN, outlet section 5 × DN, see also Inlet and outlet sections on page 13.	
Temperature measurement	Resistance thermometer Pt100 class A optional, installed in Piezo sensor, can be retrofitted	Resistance thermometer Pt100 class A standard, fixed installation in Piezo sensor
Permissible measuring medium temperature	Standard: -55 to 280 °C (-67 to 536 °F), Optional: -55 to 350 °C(-67 to 662 °F)	Standard: -55 to 280 °C (-67 to 536 °F), Optional: -55 to 350 °C(-67 to 662 °F)
Wetted material	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensor: Stainless steel, optional Hastelloy® C • Gasket: PTFE, optional Kalrez® or graphite • Sensor housing: Stainless steel, optional Hastelloy® C, carbon steel 	
Sensor design	Piezo sensor with two pairs of sensors for flow measurement and vibration compensation	
Approvals for explosion protection	ATEX / IECEx, cFMus, NEPSI	

* Indication of accuracy in % of the measured value

... Overview – models

Transmitter

Model number	FSS430 / FSV430	FSS450 / FSV450
Display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LCD indicator with four operating buttons (Standard, Order Code 'L1') LCD indicator with four operating buttons and TTG (Through-the-glass) operation (Option, Order Code 'L2', only available for Modbus RTU®, PROFIBUS PA® and FOUNDATION Fieldbus®) Smart LCD indicator* (Smart HMI) with four operating buttons and TTG (Through-the-glass) operation and Bluetooth™ configuration (Option, Order Code 'LE') 	
Operating modes		
• Liquids	Operating volume, mass	Operating volume, mass
• Gases	Operating volume, standard volume, mass	Operating volume, standard volume, mass
• Steam	Operating volume, mass	Operating volume, mass, energy
Digital output (Not for devices with FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication)	Optional, can be configured as pulse output, frequency output or alarm output via software	Standard, can be configured as pulse output, frequency output or alarm output via software
Inputs for external sensors (Only for devices with HART® communication)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HART® input** for external pressure or temperature transmitter communicating in HART burst mode 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog input 4 to 20 mA for external pressure- / temperature transmitter or density signal HART® input** for external pressure- / temperature transmitter communicating in HART burst mode
Current output, communication	4 to 20 mA, HART® (HART 7), Modbus RTU®, PROFIBUS PA®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®, Ethernet-APL™ with PROFINET®, Modbus TCP® and Webserver over Ethernet communication	
SensorMemory	Saves sensor & process parameters for easy start-up after transmitter exchange	
Housing material	Aluminum (copper content < 0.3 %), epoxy resin coated; optional: stainless steel CF3M, complies with AISI 316L Tower: CF3M, complies with AISI 316L	
IP degree of protection in accordance with EN 60529	IP 66, IP 67, NEMA 4X	

* Devices with Ethernet-APL communication are supplied with the Smart HMI as standard.

** Only for devices with HART® communication

Model variants

FSV430

Vortex flowmeter for vapor, liquid and gas, with optional graphical display, optional binary output and optional integrated temperature measurement.

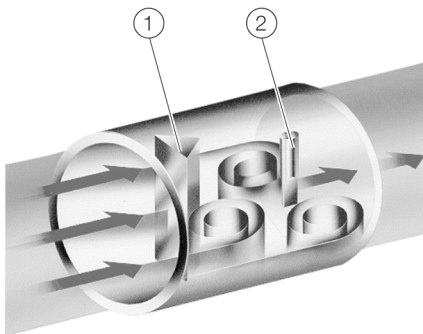
FSV450

Vortex flowmeter for vapor, liquid and gas, with integrated binary output, temperature compensation, and flow computer functionality.

The device offers the option of directly connecting remote temperature transmitters, pressure transmitters, or gas analyzers.

Measurement principle

The operating principle of the Vortex flowmeter is based on the Karman street. As the measuring medium flows over and under the bluff body, vortices are shed alternately above and below. The shedding of these vortices due to the flow forms a vortex trail (Karman vortex street).



- ① Bluff body
- ② Piezo Sensor

Figure 2: Measuring principle

Here, the frequency f of vortex shedding is proportional to the medium velocity v and inversely proportional to the width of the bluff body d .

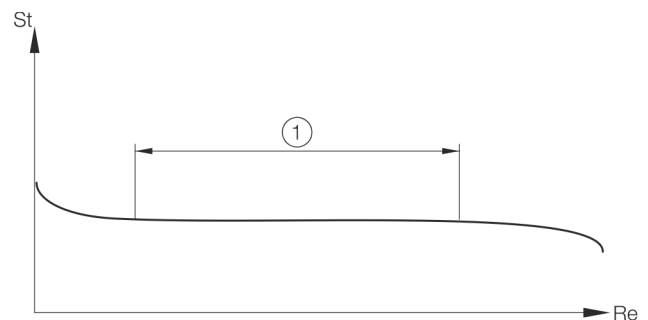
$$f = St \times \frac{v}{d}$$

St , known as the Strouhal number, is a dimensionless number, which has a decisive impact on the quality of vortex flow measurement.

If the bluff body is dimensioned appropriately, the Strouhal number (St) remains constant across a very wide range of the Reynolds number (Re).

$$Re = \frac{v \times D}{\nu}$$

- ν Kinematic viscosity
- D Nominal diameter of meter tube



- ① Linear flow area

Figure 3: How the Strouhal number is dependent upon the Reynolds number

Consequently, the vortex shedding frequency to be evaluated is dependent solely upon the flow velocity and not at all upon measuring medium density and viscosity.

The local pressure variations induced by vortex shedding are detected by a piezo sensor and converted into electrical pulses corresponding to the vortex frequency.

The frequency signal from the flowmeter sensor, which is proportional to the flow, undergoes downstream processing in the transmitter.

... Overview – models

Available LCD indicator variants



- ① Standard LCD indicator and LCD indicator with TTG (Through-The-Glass) keypad technology
- ② Smart LCD indicator (Smart HMI)

Figure 4: LCD indicator variants

Order code 'Integrated Digital Display (LCD)'				
L1	LCD indicator			
L2	LCD indicator with TTG (Through-The-Glass) keypad technology			
LE	Smart LCD indicator			

Signal output / Communication	Order Code 'Output Signal'	L1	L2	LE
4 to 20 mA/HART®	H1, H5	X	—	X
Ethernet-APL™	A1	—	—	X
Modbus RTU®	M4	X	X	—
PROFIBUS PA®	P1	X	X	—
FOUNDATION Fieldbus®	F1	X	X	—
Bluetooth®	—	—	—	X

Flowmeter sensor

Nominal diameter selection

The nominal diameter is selected on the basis of the maximum operating flow $Q_{V_{max}}$. If maximum measuring spans are to be achieved, this figure should not be less than half the maximum flow rate for each nominal diameter ($Q_{V_{max}DN}$), although it is possible to reduce this value to approx. $0.15 Q_{V_{max}DN}$.

The linear lower range value is dependent on the Reynolds number (see **Measurement value deviation and reproducibility** on page 8).

If the flow to be measured is present as a standard flow (standard condition: 0 °C (32 °F), 1013 bar) or mass flow, it must be converted into an operating flow and, based on the measuring range tables (see **Measuring range table** on page 10), the most suited nominal device diameter must be selected.

Formula elements used	
ρ	Operating densities (kg/m ³)
ρ_N	Standard density (kg/m ³)
P	operating pressure (bar)
T	operating temperature (°C)
Q_V	Operating flow (m ³ /h)
Q_n	Standard flow (m ³ /h)
Q_m	mass flowrate (kg/h)
η	dynamic viscosity (Pas)
v	Kinematic viscosity (m ² /s)

Conversion of standard density to operating density	
$\rho = \rho_n \times \frac{1,013 + \rho}{1,013} \times \frac{273}{273 + T}$	

Conversion to operating flow	
1. From standard flow (Q_n)	
$Q_V = Q_n \frac{\rho_n}{\rho} = Q_n \frac{1,013}{1,013 + \rho} \times \frac{273 + T}{273}$	
2. From mass flow (Q_m)	
$Q_V = \frac{Q_m}{\rho}$	

Conversion of dynamic viscosity --> kinematic viscosity	
$v = \frac{\eta}{\rho}$	

Calculation of Reynolds number	
$Re = \frac{Q}{(2827 \cdot v \cdot d)}$	
Q	Flow in m ³ /h
d	Pipe diameter in m
v	kinematic viscosity (m ² /s)

The current Reynolds number can also be calculated using the ABB Product Selection Assistant (PSA tool).

Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions

Flow measurement	
Set flow range	0.5 to 1 x $Q_{V_{max}DN}$
Ambient temperature	20 °C (68 °F) ±2 K
Relative humidity	65 %, ±5 %
Air Pressure	86 to 106 kPa
Power supply	24 V DC
Signal cable length	30 m (98 ft)
(for remote mount design)	
Current output load	250 Ω (only 4 to 20 mA)
Measuring medium for calibration	Water , approx. 20 °C (68 °F), 2 bar (29 psi)
	Air , 960 mbar abs. ±50 mbar (14 psia ±0.7 psi), 24 °C ±4 °C (75 °F ±7 °F)
Calibration loop internal diameter	corresponds to inside diameter of device
Unobstructed straight inlet section	15 × DN
Outlet section	5 × DN
Pressure measurement	3 × DN to 5 × DN behind the flowmeter

... Flowmeter sensor

... Measuring accuracy

Measurement value deviation and reproducibility

Flow measurement

Measured error in percentage terms from the measured value under reference conditions (including the transmitter) in the linear measuring range limited between R_{emin} and Q_{max} (see **Measuring range table** on page 10).

Measured error (including transmitter) depending on the measuring medium and operating mode

Fluid

Operating volume flow	±0,65 %
Standard volume flow	±0,75 %
Mass flow measurement	±0,75 %

Gas

Operating volume flow	±0,90 %
Standard volume flow*	±1,00 %
Mass flow measurement*	±1,00 %

Steam

Operating volume flow	±0,90 %
Measurement of overheated steam / saturated steam mass (with internal temperature measurement)	±2,60 %
Measurement of overheated steam / saturated steam mass (with internal temperature measurement and external pressure measurement)*	±1,10 %
Measurement of overheated steam / saturated steam mass (with external temperature and pressure measurement)**	±1,00 %

* When using a pressure transmitter with 0.1 % accuracy

* When using a pressure transmitter with 0.1 % accuracy and a temperature transmitter with PT100 Class A

Measured error for current output

Additional measured error	< 0,1 %
At zero-point:	< 0,05 % / 10 K

A pipe offset in the inlet section or outlet section can influence the measured error.

Additional measured errors may occur if there are deviations from the reference conditions.

Reproducibility

DN 15 (½ in)	0,3 %
DN 25 to 150 (1 to 6 in)	0,2 %
DN 200 to 300 (8 to 12 in)	0,25 %

Temperature measurement

Measured value deviation (including transmitter)

±1 °C or 1 % of measured value (in °C), whichever is greater

Reproducibility

≤ 0.2 % of the measured value

Permitted pipe vibration

The values specified for acceleration g are intended as guide values.

The actual limits will depend on the nominal diameter and the measuring range within the entire [measuring span] and the frequency of the pipe vibration. Therefore, the acceleration value g has only limited meaning.

- Maximum acceleration 20 m/s, 2, 0 to 150 Hz.
- Acceleration up to 1 g (10 to 500 Hz) in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature

In accordance with IEC 60068-2-78

Explosion protection	Ambient temperature range T_{amb}	
	Standard	Advanced mode
No explosion protection	-20 to 85 °C* (-4 to 185 °F)*	-40 to 85 °C* (-40 to 185 °F)*
Ex ia, Ex ec	-20 °C < T_a < xx °C** (-4 °F < T_a < xx °F)**	-40 °C < T_a < xx °C** (-40 °F < T_a < xx °F)**
Ex d ia, XP-IS	-20 to 75 °C (-4 to 167 °F)	-40 to 75 °C (-40 to 167 °F)
IS, NI	-20 °C < T_a < xx °C** (-4 °F < T_a < xx °F)**	-40 °C < T_a < xx °C** (-40 °F < T_a < xx °F)**

* Remote mount design: max. 80 °C (176 °F) ambient temperature due to the factory-fitted signal cable!

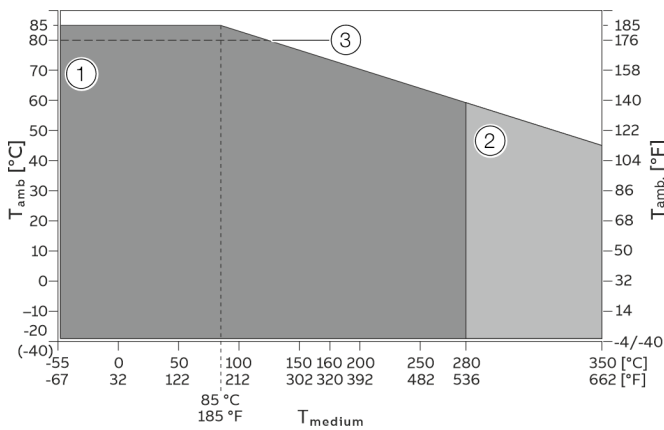
** The temperature xx °C (xx °F) depends on the temperature class T_{class}

Relative humidity

Design	Relative humidity
Standard	Up to 100 % with admissible condensation

Measuring medium temperature range

Design	T_{medium}
Standard	-55 to 280 °C (-67 to 536 °F)
High-temperature version (option)	-55 to 350 °C (-67 to 662 °F)



- ① Temperature range standard version
- ② Temperature range high-temperature version (option)
- ③ Remote mount design: max. 80 °C (176 °F) ambient temperature due to the factory-fitted signal cable!

Figure 5: Measuring medium temperature T_{medium} dependent on the ambient temperature T_{amb} .

SIL functional safety

Overall safety accuracy

The defined value of the 'overall safety accuracy' of the safety function of the device is $\pm 2\%$ of the measuring range ($\pm 2\%$ of 16 mA).

Device specific data related to functional safety

Characteristic curve in accordance with IEC 61508	Value	
	Integral mount design	Remote mount design
Type of Assessment	Complete assessment in accordance with IEC 61508	
SIL	2	
Systematic capacity	2	
HFT	0	
Component Type	B	
Measuring mode	Low Demand Mode	
SFF ¹⁾	96.08 %	96.05 %
PFDAvg after 1 year ²⁾	1.83E-03	1.96E-03
PFDAvg after 2 years ^{2) 3)}	3.66E-03	3.92E-03
PFDAvg after 3 years ²⁾	5.49E-03	5.87E-03
PFDAvg after 4 years ²⁾	7.32E-03	7.83E-03
PFDAvg after 5 years ²⁾	9.15E-03	9.79E-03
Λ_S ¹⁾	3.167E-06	3.209E-06
Λ_{dd} ¹⁾	4.155E-06	4.279E-06
Λ_{du} ¹⁾	4.096E-07	4.384E-07

- 1) Calculated at an ambient temperature of 100 °C in accordance with Siemens SN29500
- 2) The maintenance cycle time can be adjusted accordingly in the diagnosis menu, e.g. 8760 h for 1 year, 17520 h for 2 years, 26280 h for 3 years, 35040 h for 4 years or 43800 h for 5 years operation time without proof test.
- 3) Recommended proof test time, default maintenance cycle time.

Note

The ambient temperature range is -40 °C to 85 °C (-40 to 185 F).

... Flowmeter sensor

Measuring range table

Flow measurement for liquids (Water, 1 bar (a) 20 °C)

Nominal diameter	Flange	[m ³ /h]		[Usgpm]		[Hz]	
		Q _{V_min} DN ¹⁾	Q _{V_max} DN	Q _{V_min} DN ¹⁾	Q _{V_max} DN	Min. Frequency ²⁾	Max. Frequency ²⁾
DN 15 (½ in)	DIN	1.0	7.0	4.4	30.8	10	480
	ASME	1.0	7.0	4.4	30.8	12	640
DN 25 (1 in)	DIN	1.6	18.0	7	79	10	300
	ASME	1.6	18.0	7	79	8	440
DN 40 (1½ in)	DIN	2.4	48.0	10	210	10	300
	ASME	2.4	48.0	10	210	6	300
DN 50 (2 in)	DIN	3.1	75.0	14	330	4	220
	ASME	3.1	75.0	14	330	4.5	220
DN 80 (3 in)	DIN	9.0	170.0	40	748	3	150
	ASME	9.0	170.0	40	748	3	150
DN 100 (4 in)	DIN	10.0	270.0	44	1188	2	110
	ASME	10.0	270.0	44	1188	2	110
DN 150 (6 in)	DIN	24.0	630.0	106	2770	1	70
	ASME	24.0	630.0	106	2770	1.5	70
DN 200 (8 in)	DIN	70.0	1100.0	310	4840	0.8	44
	ASME	70.0	1100.0	310	4840	1	50
DN 250 (10 in)	DIN	70.0	1800.0	310	7920	0.6	40
	ASME	70.0	1800.0	310	7920	0.75	40
DN 300 (12 in)	DIN	135.0	2600.0	600	11400	0.6	30
	ASME	135.0	2600.0	600	11400	0.5	30

Flow measurement of gases and steam (Air, 1013 mbar (a) 20 °C)

Nominal diameter	Flange	[m ³ /h]		[ft ³ /min]		[Hz]	
		Q _{V_min} DN ¹⁾	Q _{V_max} DN	Q _{V_min} DN ¹⁾	Q _{V_max} DN	Min. Frequency ²⁾	Max. Frequency ²⁾
DN 15 (½ in)	DIN	7.4	42.0	4.4	24	60	2900
	ASME	7.4	33.0	4.4	19.4	60	3000
DN 25 (1 in)	DIN	12.2	150.0	7.2	88	50	2250
	ASME	12.2	120.0	7.2	70	60	2930
DN 40 (1½ in)	DIN	18.5	390.0	11	229	50	2400
	ASME	18.5	390.0	11	229	50	2400
DN 50 (2 in)	DIN	23.4	630.0	14	370	40	1850
	ASME	23.4	630.0	14	370	40	1850
DN 80 (3 in)	DIN	50.0	1380.0	30	810	30	1250
	ASME	50.0	1380.0	30	810	30	1250
DN 100 (4 in)	DIN	75.0	2400.0	45	1400	20	950
	ASME	75.0	2400.0	45	1400	15	920
DN 150 (6 in)	DIN	165.0	5400.0	100	3170	10	630
	ASME	165.0	5400.0	100	3170	10	590
DN 200 (8 in)	DIN	230.0	9600.0	140	5650	8	380
	ASME	230.0	9600.0	140	5650	8	440
DN 250 (10 in)	DIN	450.0	16300.0	270	9590	6	330
	ASME	450.0	16300.0	270	9590	7	360
DN 300 (12 in)	DIN	630.0	23500.0	370	13800	5	280
	ASME	630.0	23500.0	370	13800	5	280

1) For other media or other operating conditions please refer to a proper sizing to our ABB Product and Selection Assistant,

www.abb.com/flow-selector.

2) Frequency range for full measuring range coverage. The effectively used frequency range can vary depending on medium conditions and device set-up. The frequency range covered by calibration can be found on the test report supplied with each device.

Process connections

Flange devices

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating
DN 15 to DN 300 (½ to 16 in)	O-ring gasket DIN: PN 10 to 40* ASME: Class 150 / 300* Flat gasket (graphite) DIN: maximum PN 63 ASME: Maximum class 300

* Higher pressure ratings up to PN 160 / class 900 on request

Wafer type devices

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating
DN 25 to DN 150 (1 to 6 in)	O-ring gasket DIN: PN 63* ASME: Class 150 / 300* Flat gasket (graphite) DIN: maximum PN 63 ASME: Maximum class 300

* Higher pressure ratings up to PN 100 / class 600 on request

Materials

Materials for the sensor

Wetted components	Temperature range T _{medium}
Meter tube	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti) / AISI 316L / C3FM Hastelloy C-4 (optional) 	-55 to 400 °C (-67 to 752 °F)
Sensor	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti) Hastelloy C-4 (optional) 	-55 to 280 °C (-67 to 536 °F)
	-55 to 350 °C (-67 to 662 °F)
Sensor gasket*	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PTFE O-ring Kalrez 6375 O-ring (optional) Graphite (optional for high temperature design) 	-55 to 260 °C (-67 to 500 °F)
	-20 to 275 °C (-4 to 527 °F)
	-55 to 400 °C (-67 to 752 °F)

* Other designs on request.

Transmitter

Housing	Temperature range T _{amb.}
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Die-cast aluminum, copper content < 0.3 % Stainless steel CF3M, corresponds to AISI 316L (optional) Tower: CF8 (complies with AISI 304) or CF3M (complies with AISI 316L) 	-40 to 85 °C (-67 to 185 °F)*

* Remote mount design: max. 80 °C (176 °F) ambient temperature due to the factory-fitted signal cable!

Pressure Equipment Directive

Conformity assessment in accordance with Category III, fluid group 1, gas.

Note the corrosion resistance of the meter tube materials in relation to the measuring medium.

CRN approval

Certain device versions and connection options have CRN approval under number 'CRN 0F1209.xx'.

Please contact ABB for more information.

... Flowmeter sensor

Material load for process connections

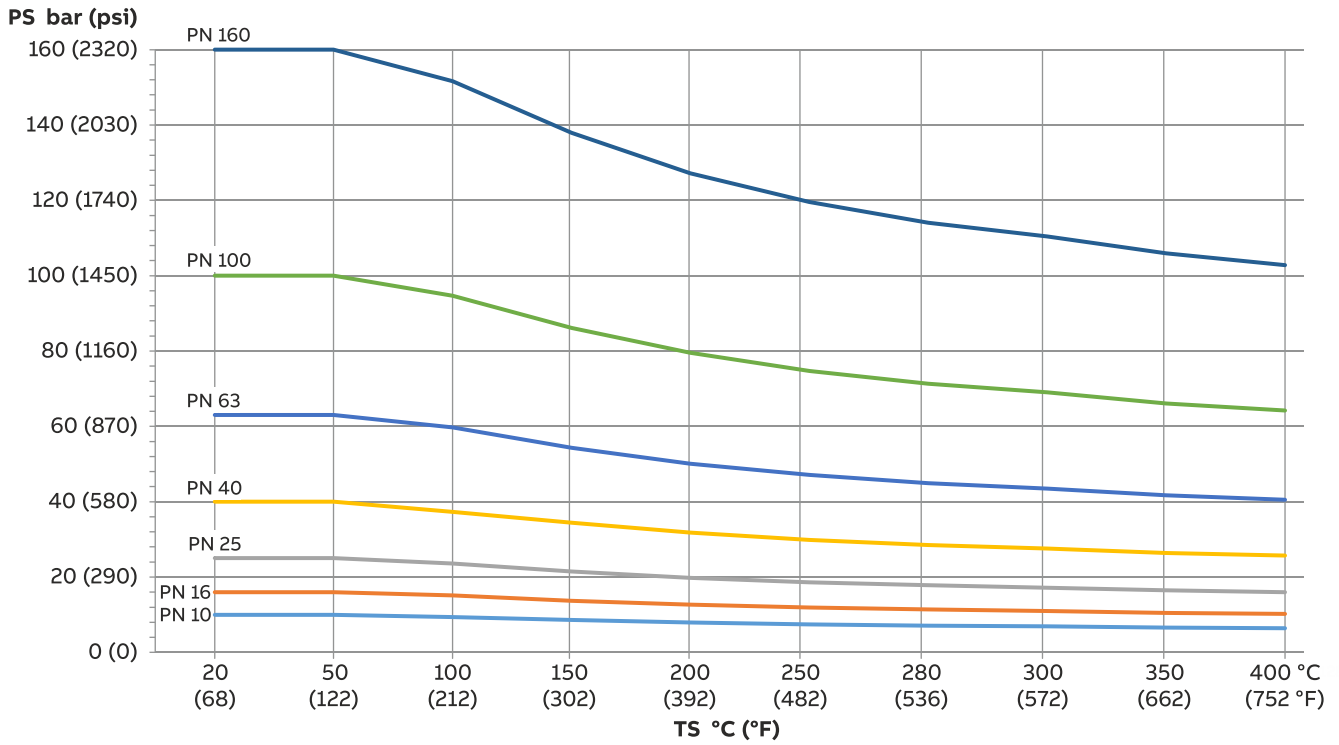


Figure 6: DIN flange process connection

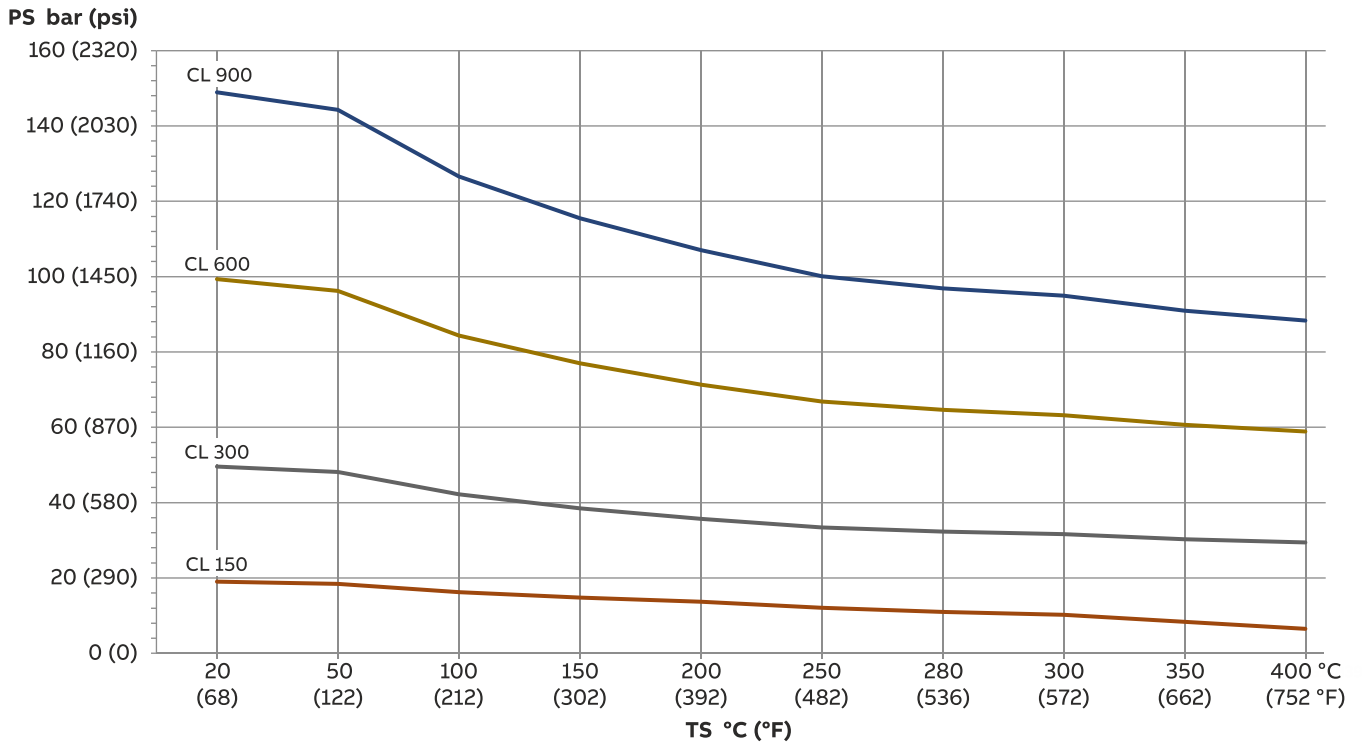


Figure 7: ASME flange process connection

Installation conditions

A Vortex or Swirl flowmeter can be installed at any point in the pipeline system. However, the following installation conditions must be considered:

- Compliance with the ambient conditions
- Compliance with the recommended inlet and outlet sections
- The flow direction must correspond to that indicated by the arrow on the sensor
- Compliance with the required minimum interval for removing the transmitter and replacing the sensor
- Avoidance of mechanical vibrations of the piping (by fitting supports if necessary)
- The inside diameter of the sensor and the piping must be identical
- Avoidance of pressure oscillations in long piping systems at zero flow by fitting gates at intervals
- Attenuation of alternating (pulsating) flow by using appropriate damping devices. The residual pulse must not exceed 10 %. The frequency of the conveying equipment must not be within the range of the measuring frequency of the flowmeter.
- Valves / gates should normally be arranged in the flow direction downstream of the flowmeter (typically: 3 × DN). If the medium is conveyed through piston / plunger pumps or compressors (pressures for fluids > 10 bar / 145 psi), it may be subject to hydraulic vibration in the pipeline when the valve is closed. If this does occur, the valve absolutely has to be installed in the flow direction upstream of the flowmeter. Suitable damping devices (e.g. air vessels) might need to be fitted.
- When fluids are measured, the sensor must always be filled with measuring medium and must not run dry.
- When fluids are measured and during damping, there must be no evidence of cavitation.
- The relationship between the measuring medium and the ambient temperature must be taken into consideration (see data sheet).
- At high measuring medium temperatures > 150 °C (> 302 °F), the sensor must be installed so that the transmitter or terminal box is pointing to the side or downward.

Inlet and outlet sections

In order to maximize operational reliability, the flow profile at the inflow end must not be distorted if at all possible.

The figures below show the recommended inlet and outlet sections for various installations.

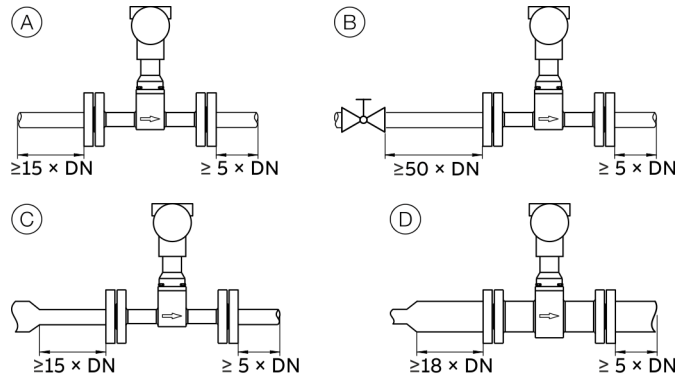


Figure 8: Straight pipe sections

Installation	Inlet section	Outlet section
(A) Straight pipe section	min. 15 × DN	min. 5 × DN
(B) Valve upstream of the meter tube	min. 50 × DN	min. 5 × DN
(C) Pipe reduction	min. 15 × DN	min. 5 × DN
(D) Pipe extension	min. 18 × DN	min. 5 × DN

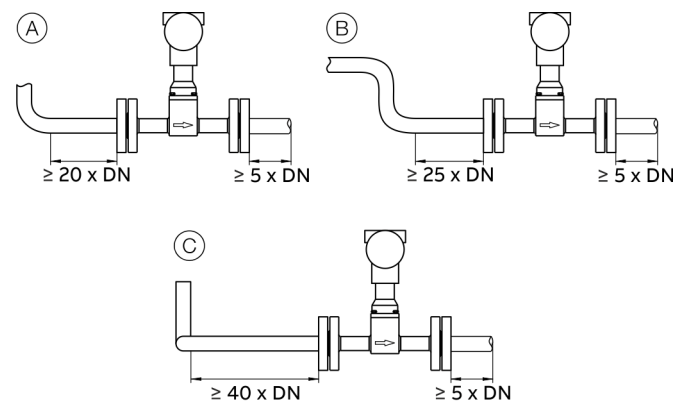


Figure 9: Pipe sections with pipe elbows

Installation	Inlet section	Outlet section
(A) Single pipe elbow	min. 20 × DN	min. 5 × DN
(B) S-shaped pipe elbow	min. 25 × DN	min. 5 × DN
(C) Three-dimensional pipe elbow	min. 40 × DN	min. 5 × DN

... Flowmeter sensor

... Installation conditions

Avoiding cavitation

To avoid cavitation, a static overpressure is required downstream of the flowmeter (downstream pressure). This can be estimated using the following formula:

$$p_1 \geq 1,3 \times p_2 + 2,6 \times \Delta p'$$

p_1 Static gauge pressure downstream of the device (mbar)

p_2 Steam pressure of fluid at operating temperature (mbar)

$\Delta p'$ Pressure drop, measuring medium (mbar)

Installation at high measuring medium temperatures

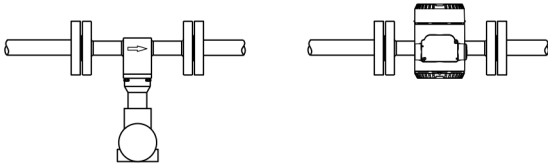
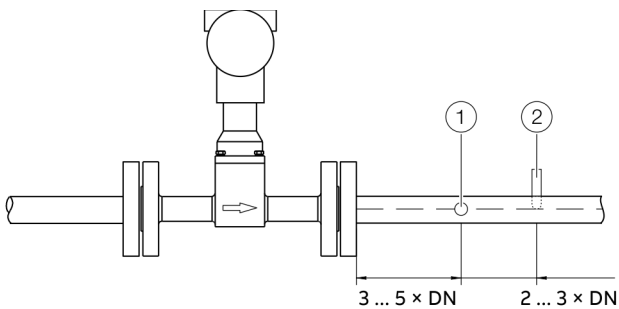


Figure 10: Installation at high measuring medium temperatures

At high measuring medium temperatures > 150 °C (> 302 °F), the sensor must be installed so that the transmitter is pointing to the side or downward.

Installation for external pressure and temperature measurement



① Pressure measuring point ② Temperature measuring point

Figure 11: Arrangement of the temperature and pressure measuring points

As an option, the flowmeter can be fitted with a Pt100 for direct temperature measurement. This temperature measurement enables, for example, the monitoring of the measuring medium temperature or the direct measurement of saturated steam in mass flow units.

If pressure and temperature are to be compensated externally (e.g. using the flow computer unit), the measuring points must be installed as illustrated.

Installation of setting equipment

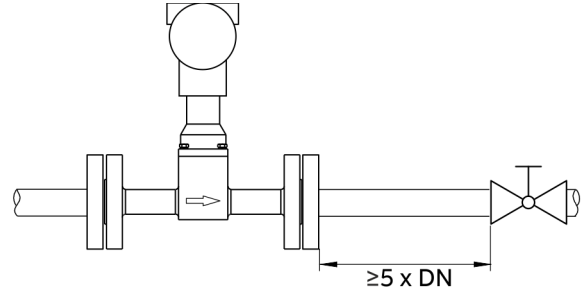


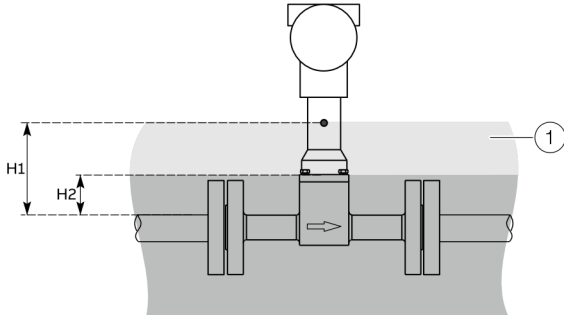
Figure 12: Installation of setting devices

Control and setting devices should be arranged in the forward flow direction **downstream** from the flowmeter at a distance of at least 5 × DN.

If the measuring medium is conveyed through piston pumps / plunger pumps or compressors (pressures for fluids > 10 bar [> 145 psi]), it may be subject to hydraulic vibration in the piping when the valve is closed.

If this case, it is essential that the valve be installed in the forward flow direction **upstream** from the flowmeter. Suitable dampers (for example, air vessels in the case of pumping using a compressor) might need to be used.

Flowmeter sensor insulation recommendation



① Insulation

H1 Maximum insulation thickness at $T_{\text{medium}} \leq 150 \text{ °C}$ (302 °F)

H2 Maximum insulation thickness at $T_{\text{medium}} \leq 250 \text{ °C}$ (482 °F)

Figure 13: Insulation of the meter tube

NOTICE

Overheating of the transmitter

Insulating above the sensor neck can lead to overheating of the transmitter or ingress of moisture into the transmitter.

- Even with correct insulation, overheating of the transmitter can occur if the ambient temperature at the installation location of the transmitter in combination with a high medium temperature creates extreme conditions.
- The operator must observe the ambient conditions and ensure that measures are taken to avoid overheating of the transmitter components. The actual electronic temperature can be observed in the 'Diagnostics Menu' in the device and must not exceed 85 °C (185 °F).

Use of heat tracing

Trace heating may be used under the following conditions:

- If it is installed directly on or around the piping
- If, in the case of existing pipeline insulation, it is installed inside the insulation (the maximum thickness shown in **Figure 13** must not be exceeded).
- If the maximum temperature the heat tracing is able to produce is less than or equal to the maximum medium temperature.

Note

Installation requirements in accordance with EN 60079-14 must be observed.

Please note that the use of trace heaters will not impair EMC protection or generate additional vibrations.

... Flowmeter sensor

Dimensions

Model FSV430 / FSV450, wafer type design in accordance with DIN and ASME

All dimensions in mm (in), weights in kg (lb)

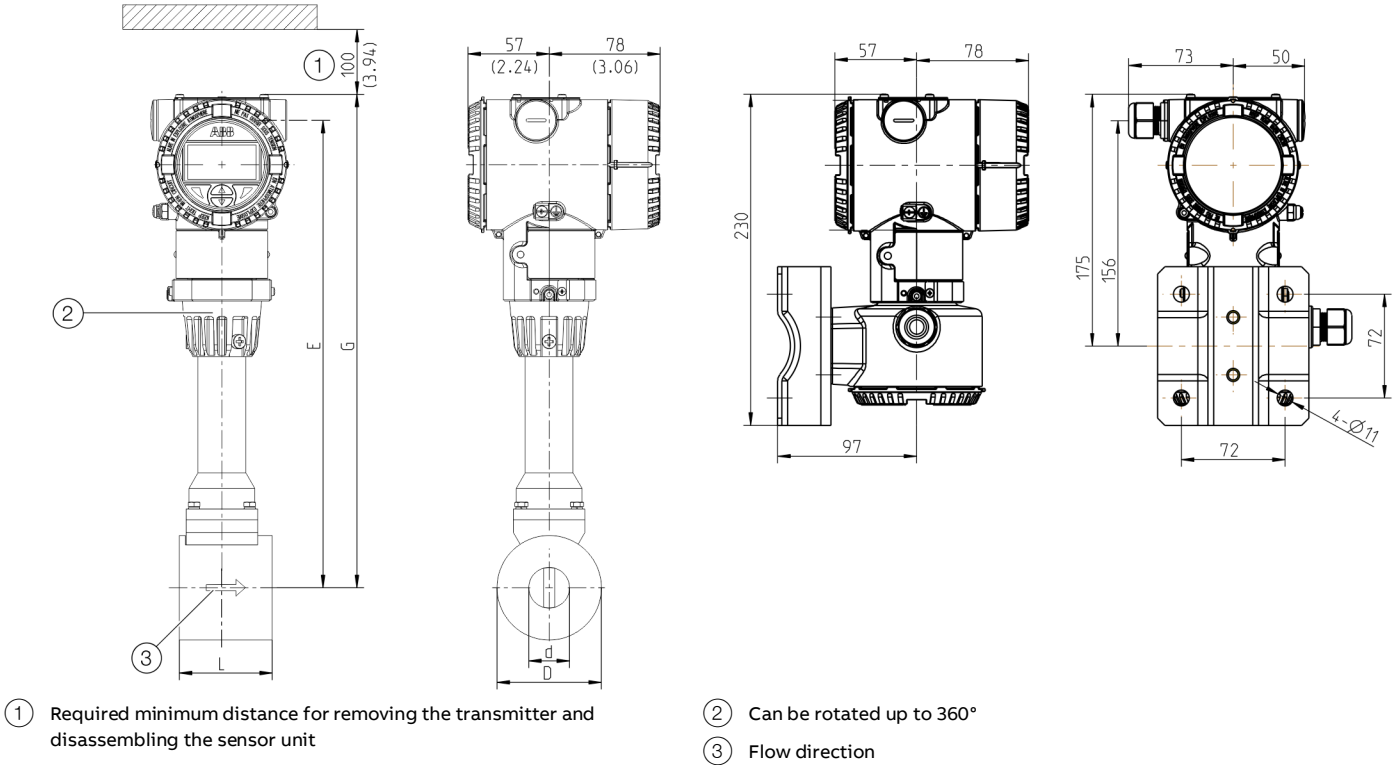


Figure 14: Dimensions

Dimensions for sensors, wafer type design in accordance with DIN

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	L	E	D	G	d	Weight***
DN 25	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	301 (11.85)	73 (2.87)	320 (12.60)	28.5 (1.12)	4.1 (9.0)
DN 40	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	317 (12.48)	94 (3.70)	336 (13.23)	43 (1.69)	4.8 (10.6)
DN 50	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	325 (12.80)	109 (4.29)	344 (13.54)	54.4 (2.14)	5.6 (12.4)
DN 80	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	339 (13.35)	144 (5.67)	358 (14.09)	82.4 (3.24)	7.6 (16.8)
DN 100	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	347 (13.66)	164 (6.46)	366 (14.41)	106.8 (4.20)	8.5 (18.7)
DN 150	PN 63*	65 (2.56)	379 (14.92)	220 (8.66)	398 (15.67)	159.3 (6.27)	13 (28.7)

Dimensions for sensors, wafer type design in accordance with ASME

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	L	E	D	G	d	Weight***
1 in	CL 300**	112.5 (4.43)	311 (12.24)	70.5 (2.78)	330 (12.99)	24.3 (0.96)	5.1 (11.2)
1½ in	CL 300**	113 (4.45)	317 (12.48)	89.5 (3.52)	336 (13.23)	38.1 (1.50)	6.1 (13.5)
2 in	CL 150 / CL 300	112.5 (4.43)	323 (12.72)	106.5 (4.19)	342 (13.46)	49.2 (1.94)	8.4 (18.5)
3 in	CL 300**	111 (4.37)	339 (13.35)	138.5 (5.45)	358 (14.09)	73.7 (2.90)	11.2 (24.7)
4 in	CL 300**	116 (4.57)	352 (13.86)	176.5 (6.95)	371 (14.61)	97.2 (3.83)	17.2 (37.9)
6 in	CL 300**	137 (5.39)	379 (14.92)	222.2 (8.75)	398 (15.67)	146.4 (5.76)	25.7 (56.7)

* The pressure rating PN 63 also includes the pressure ratings PN 16 and PN 40 (same connection dimensions)

** The pressure rating CL 300 also includes the pressure rating ASME CL 150 (same connection dimensions)

*** For devices with stainless steel transmitter housing, 2 kg (4.4 lb) must be added to the specified weight.

Model FSV430 / FSV450, flange design in accordance with DIN and ASME

All dimensions in mm (in), weights in kg (lb)

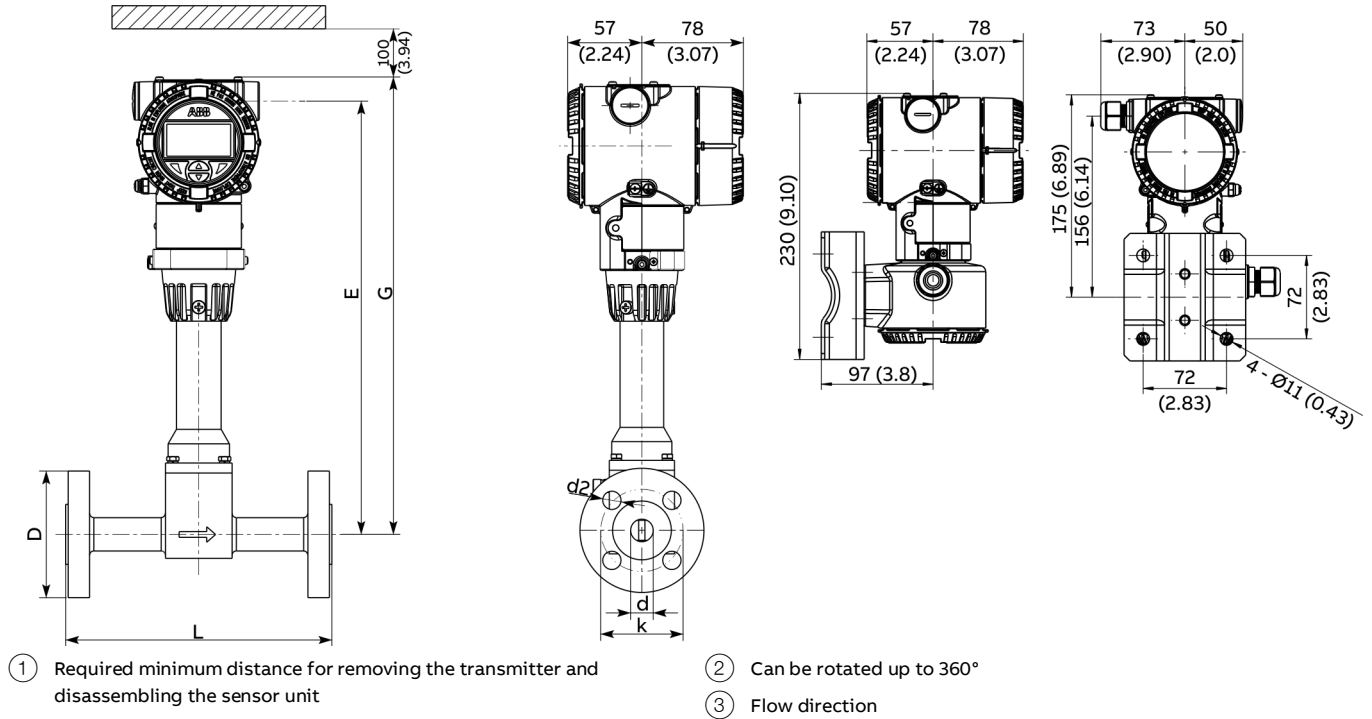


Figure 15: Dimensions in mm (in)

Dimensions for sensors with DIN flanges									
Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	L*	L**	E	D	G	d	Weight***	
DN 15	PN 10 to PN 40	200 (7.87)	—	323 (12.72)	95 (3.74)	342 (13.46)	17.3 (0.68)	4.5 (9.9)	
	PN 63, PN 100, PN 160	200 (7.87)	200 (7.87)		105 (4.13)			5.4 (11.9)	
DN 25	PN 10 to PN 40	200 (7.87)	—	340 (13.39)	115 (4.53)	359 (14.13)	28.5 (1.12)	5.1 (11.2)	
	PN 63, PN 100, PN 160	210 (8.27)	200 (7.87)		140 (5.51)			7.8 (17.2)	
DN 40	PN 10 to PN 40	200 (7.87)	—	318 (12.52)	150 (5.91)	337 (13.26)	43.1 (1.70)	6.6 (14.6)	
	PN 63, PN 100	220 (8.66)	200 (7.87)		170 (6.69)			10.1 (22.3)	
	PN 160	225 (8.86)	200 (7.87)		170 (6.69)			10.5 (23.2)	
DN 50	PN 10 to PN 40	200 (7.87)	—	325 (12.80)	165 (6.50)	344 (13.54)	54.5 (2.15)	8.7 (19.2)	
	PN 63	220 (8.66)	200 (7.87)		180 (7.09)			12.2 (26.9)	
	PN 100	230 (9.06)	240 (9.45)		195 (7.68)			15.1 (33.3)	
	PN 160	245 (9.65)	240 (9.45)		195 (7.68)			15.6 (34.4)	

* Installation length L for devices with welded meter tube

** Installation length L for devices with cast meter tube with pressure rating PN 63, PN 100, PN 160

*** For devices with stainless steel transmitter housing, 2 kg (4.4 lb) must be added to the specified weight.

Tolerance for dimension L: DN 15 to 200 +0 / -3 mm (+0 / -0.12 in.)

... Flowmeter sensor

... Dimensions

Dimensions for sensors with DIN flanges (continued)

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	L*	L**	E	D	G	d	Weight*
DN 80	PN 10 , PN 40	200 (7.87)	—	343 (13.50)	200 (7.87)	362 (14.25)	82.5 (3.25)	13.1 (28.9)
	PN 63	250 (9.84)	280 (11.02)		215 (8.46)			17 (37.5)
	PN 100	260 (10.24)	280 (11.02)		230 (9.06)			21.4 (47.2)
	PN 160	280 (11.02)	280 (11.02)		230 (9.06)			22.9 (50.5)
DN 100	PN 10 , PN 16	250 (9.84)	—	352 (13.86)	220 (8.66)	371 (14.60)	107.1 (4.22)	14 (30.9)
	PN 25 , PN 40	250 (9.84)	—		235 (9.25)			17.8 (39.2)
	PN 63	270 (10.63)	300 (11.81)		250 (9.84)			24.1 (53.1)
	PN 100	300 (11.81)	300 (11.81)		265 (10.43)			32.2 (71.0)
	PN 160	320 (12.60)	300 (11.81)		265 (10.43)			34.4 (75.9)
DN 150	PN 10 , PN 16	300 (11.81)	—	379 (14.92)	285 (11.22)	398 (15.67)	159.3 (6.72)	25.4 (56.0)
	PN 25 , PN 40	300 (11.81)	—		300 (11.81)			33.6 (74.1)
	PN 63	330 (12.99)	355 (13.98)		345 (13.58)			53.8 (118.6)
	PN 100	370 (14.57)	355 (13.98)		355 (13.98)			70.4 (155.2)
	PN 160	390 (15.35)	355 (13.98)		355 (13.98)			75 (165.4)
DN 200	PN 10 , PN 16	350 (13.78)	—	441 (17.36)	340 (13.39)	460 (18.11)	206.5 (8.13)	45.3 (99.9)
	PN 25	350 (13.78)	—		360 (14.17)			66.3 (146.2)
	PN 40	350 (13.78)	—		375 (14.76)			66.3 (146.2)
	PN 63	370 (14.57)	350 (13.78)		415 (16.34)			93.1 (205.3)
DN 250	PN 10 / PN 16	450 (17.72)	—	466 (18.35)	395 / 405 (15.55 / 15.94)	485 (19.09)	259 (10.20)	67.4 (148.6)
	PN 25 / PN 40	450 (17.72)	—		425 / 450 (16.73 / 17.72)			106.4 (234.6)
	PN 63	450 (17.72)	—		470 (18.50)			135.6 (299.0)
DN 300	PN 10 / PN 16	500 (19.69)	—	491 (19.33)	445 / 460 (17.52 / 18.11)	510 (20.08)	307.9 (12.12)	77.2 (170.2)
	PN 25 / PN 40	500 (19.69)	—		485 / 515 (19.09 / 20.28)			123.2 (271.6)
	PN 63	500 (19.69)	—		530 (20.87)			170.6 (376.1)

* Installation length L for devices with welded meter tube

** Installation length L for devices with cast meter tube with pressure rating PN 63, PN 100, PN 160

*** For devices with stainless steel transmitter housing, 2 kg (4.4 lb) must be added to the specified weight.

Tolerance for dimension L: DN 15 to 200 +0 / -3 mm (+0 / -0.12 in), DN 300 to 400 +0 / -5 mm (+0 / -0.20 in)

Dimensions for sensors with ASME flanges								
Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	L*	L**	E	D	G	d	Weight*
½ in	CL 150	200 (7.87)	—	323 (12.72)	88.9 (3.5)	342 (13.46)	15.7 (0.62)	5.0 (11)
	CL 300	200 (7.87)	—		95.2 (3.75)			5.1 (11.2)
	CL 600	200 (7.87)	200 (7.87)		95.3 (3.75)			5.2 (11.5)
	CL 900	200 (7.87)	200 (7.87)		120.6 (4.75)			7.9 (17.4)
1 in	CL 150	200 (7.87)	—	340 (13.39)	108 (4.25)	359 (14.13)	24.3 (0.96)	5.7 (12.6)
	CL 300	200 (7.87)	—		124 (4.88)			6.7 (14.8)
	CL 600	220 (8.66)	200 (7.87)		124 (4.88)			7.3 (16.1)
	CL 900	240 (9.45)	200 (7.87)		149.3 (5.88)			11.2 (24.7)
1½ in	CL 150	200 (7.87)	—	318 (12.52)	127 (5.0)	337 (13.26)	38.1 (1.50)	8.5 (18.7)
	CL 300	200 (7.87)	—		155.6 (6.13)			10.9 (24)
	CL 600	235 (9.25)	200 (7.87)		155.6 (6.13)			12.1 (26.7)
	CL 900	260 (10.24)	200 (7.87)		177.8 (7.0)			17.0 (37.5)
2 in	CL 150	200 (7.87)	—	325 (12.80)	152.4 (6.0)	344 (13.54)	49.2 (1.94)	10.1 (22.3)
	CL 300	200 (7.87)	—		165 (6.5)			11.7 (25.8)
	CL 600	240 (9.45)	200 (7.87)		165 (6.5)			13.6 (30)
	CL 900	300 (11.81)	240 (9.45)		215.9 (8.5)			26.5 (58.4)
3 in	CL 150	200 (7.87)	—	343 (13.50)	190.5 (7.5)	362 (14.25)	73.7 (2.90)	17.6 (38.8)
	CL 300	200 (7.87)	—		209.5 (8.25)			21.7 (47.8)
	CL 600	265 (10.43)	280 (11.02)		209.5 (8.25)			25.8 (56.9)
	CL 900	305 (12.01)	—		241.3 (9.5)			35.0 (77.2)
4 in	CL 150	250 (9.84)	—	352 (13.86)	228.6 (9.0)	371 (14.60)	97.2 (3.83)	20.1 (44.3)
	CL 300	250 (9.84)	—		254 (10.0)			28.8 (63.5)
	CL 600	315 (12.40)	300 (11.81)		273.1 (10.75)			41.4 (91.3)
	CL 900	340 (13.39)	—		292.1 (11.5)			51.4 (113.3)
6 in	CL 150	300 (11.81)	—	379 (14.92)	279.4 (11.0)	398 (15.67)	146.4 (5.76)	32.8 (72.3)
	CL 300	300 (11.81)	—		317.5 (12.5)			49.8 (109.8)
	CL 600	365 (14.37)	355 (13.98)		355.6 (14)			81.6 (179.9)
	CL 900	410 (16.14)	—		381 (15)			106.8 (235.5)
8 in	CL 150	350 (13.78)	350 (13.78)	441 (17.36)	343 (13.5)	460 (18.11)	194 (7.64)	51 (113)
	CL 300	370 (14.57)	350 (13.78)		381 (15)			77 (170)
	CL 600	415 (16.34)	—		419.1 (16.5)			106 (234)
	CL 900	470 (18.5)	—		469.9 (18.5)			122 (270)
10 in	CL 150	450 (17.72)	—	466 (18.35)	406.4 (16)	485 (19.09)	253 (9.96)	77 (170)
	CL 300	450 (17.72)	—		444.5 (17.5)			106 (23)
	CL 600	470 (18.50)	—		508 (20)			156 (234)
12 in	CL 150	500 (19.69)	—	491 (19.33)	482.6 (19)	510 (20.08)	304 (11.97)	93 (205)
	CL 300	500 (19.69)	—		520.7 (20.5)			143 (315)
	CL 600	580 (22.83)	—		558.8 (22)			196 (430)

* Installation length L for devices with welded meter tube

** Installation length L for devices with cast meter tube

*** For devices with stainless steel transmitter housing, 2 kg (4.4 lb) must be added to the specified weight.

Tolerance for dimension L: ½ to 8 in +0 / -3 mm (+0 / -0.12 in), 12 to 16 in +0 / -5 mm (+0 / -0.20 in)

Transmitter

LCD indicator (option)

- High-contrast LCD indicator, optionally with backlight (Ordercode 'LE').
- Display of up to 3 measuring values at the same time, e.g. the actual flow rate, the totalizer value and the temperature, freely configurable.
- Application-specific visualizations which the user can select. Four operator pages can be configured to display multiple values in parallel.
- Plain text fault diagnostics
- Menu-guided parameterization with four buttons.
- Easy Set-up function for fast commissioning.
- Parameterization of the device through the front glass with the housing closed (optional).
- During ongoing operation, the LCD indicator can be connected or disconnected and therefore also used as a configuration tool for other devices.

Remote mount design

In remote mount design, the sensor and transmitter are connected by a signal cable up to 30 m (98 ft) long. The signal cable is permanently connected to the transmitter and can be made shorter if required.

Operating modes

The following operating modes can be selected depending on the design.

Measured medium	FSV430	FSV450
Fluids	Liquid Volume, Liquid Mass	Liquid Volume, Liquid Mass
Gases	Gas Act. Volume, Gas Std/Norm Vol., Gas Mass	Gas Act. Volume, Gas Std/Norm Vol., Gas Mass
Steam	Steam Act. Volume, Steam/Water Mass	Steam Act. Volume, Steam/Water Mass, Steam/Water Energy

IP rating

- IP 66 / IP 67 in accordance with EN 60529
- NEMA 4x
- 'Dual seal device' in accordance with ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 (only for devices with explosion-proof design with 'Ex d ia' or 'XP-IS' type of protection).

Response time

200 ms (1 tau) or $3/f$ in seconds (with deactivated damping, the respective greater value shall apply).

The response time depends on the respective vortex frequency f . Low flow rates can result in higher response times.

Example

Vortex frequency f :

2.4 Hz (nominal diameter DN 300, approx. 10 % flow)

Response time:

$3/2.4 \text{ Hz} = 1.25 \text{ seconds}$

Electromagnetic compatibility

Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment for process and lab control technology 5/93 and EMC Directive 2004/108/EC (EN 61326-1).

Devices with HART communication are optionally available with EMC protection in accordance with NAMUR NE 21.

EMC / HF effect on the current output*

Tested per EN 61326.

Output error of less than $\pm 0.025 \%$ of the measuring range for twisted pair cables in the range:

- 80 to 1000 MHz for radiated field strength of 10 V/m;
- 1.4 to 2.0 GHz for radiated field strength of 3 V/m;
- 2.0 to 2.7 GHz for radiated field strength of 1 V/m.

Magnetic field disruptions in the current output*

Tested per EN 61326.

Output error of less than $\pm 0.025\%$ of the measuring range at 30 A/m (eff.).

* Only for devices with HART communication

FCC / ISED certification

FCC statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

ISED (Canada) regulatory information

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s).

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause interference.
2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.

L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

1. L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
2. L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

NOTICE

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Electrical connections

Signal cables

For devices with a remote mount design, the transmitter and sensor are connected using a signal cable.

The signal cable used must meet at least the following technical specification.

Cable specification	
Impedance	70 to 120 Ω
Withstand voltage	500 V
Outer diameter	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
Cable design	3×2×0.75 mm ² , twisted pair
Conductor cross-section	0.75 mm ²
Shield	Copper braid with approximately 85 % coverage
Temperature range	Application-dependent, for use in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in Temperature resistance for the connecting cable on page 37!
Maximum signal cable length	30 m (98 ft)

Recommended cables

It is recommended to use an ABB signal cable for standard applications.

The ABB signal cable fulfills the above-mentioned cable specification and can be utilized unrestrictedly up to an ambient temperature of $T_{amb.} = 80\text{ °C}$ (176 °F).

ABB signal cable	Ordering number
5 m (16 ft), standard scope of delivery	3KXF065068U0200
10 m (33 ft)	3KXF065068U0300
20 m (65 ft)	3KXF065068U0400
30 m (98 ft)	3KXF065068U0500

Digital output – Electrical data

Not active in devices with FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication!

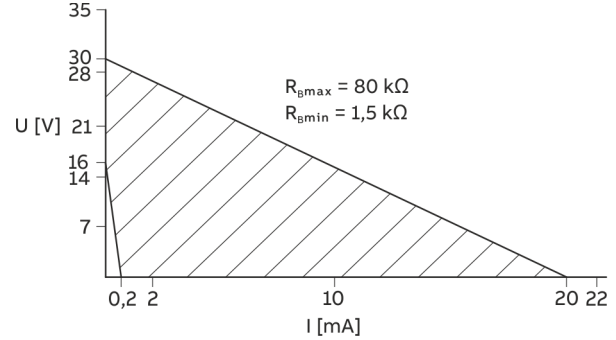


Figure 16: Range of the external supply voltage and current

Digital output	
Operating voltage	16 to 30 V DC
Output current	maximum 20 mA
External resistance R_B	$1.5\text{ k}\Omega \leq R_B \leq 80\text{ k}\Omega$
Output 'closed'	$0\text{ V} \leq U_{low} \leq 2\text{ V}$ $2\text{ mA} \leq I_{low} \leq 20\text{ mA}$
Output 'open'	$16\text{ V} \leq U_{high} \leq 30\text{ V}$ $0\text{ mA} \leq I_{high} \leq 0.2\text{ mA}$
Pulse output	f_{max} : 10 kHz Pulse width: 0.05 to 2000 ms
Frequency output	f_{max} : 10.5 kHz
Output functions (configurable)	Frequency output Pulse output Binary output (in / out, e.g. alarm signal)

Devices with HART® communication

Note

The HART® protocol is an unsecured protocol (in terms of IT and cyber security), as such the intended application should be assessed to ensure that this protocol is suitable before implementation.

Current output / HART output

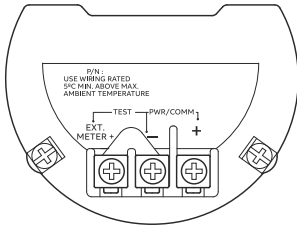


Figure 17: Terminals FSx430 (without binary output)

Terminal	Function / comment
PWR/COMM +	Power supply, current
PWR/COMM -	output- / HART output
EXT. METER	Not assigned

Current output / HART output, digital output and analog input

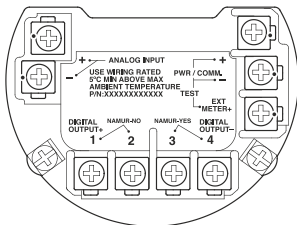


Figure 18: Terminals FSx450 or FSx430 with binary output

Terminal	Function / comment
PWR/COMM +	Power supply, current output / HART output
PWR/COMM -	
EXT. METER +	Current output 4 to 20 mA for external display
DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+	Digital output, positive pole
DIGITAL OUTPUT 2	Bridge after terminal 1+, NAMUR output deactivated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 3	Bridge after terminal 4-, NAMUR output activated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 4-	Digital output, negative pole
ANALOG INPUT +	Analog input 4 to 20 mA for remote transmitter,
ANALOG INPUT -	e.g. for temperature, pressure, etc.

Power supply

Devices with HART® communication

Terminals	PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM -
Supply voltage	12 to 42 V DC 13.6 to 42 V DC (With Surge protection – order code S1) 14.2 to 42 V DC (With SIL and/or enhanced EMC protection – order code G4)
Residual ripple	Maximum 5 % or $U_{SS} = \pm 1.5$ V
Power consumption	< 1 W
U_{SS}	Peak-to-peak value of voltage

Digital output

For electric data of the digital output, see **Digital output – Electrical data** on page 22.

... Electrical connections

... Devices with HART® communication

Current output / HART output

Only for devices with HART communication.

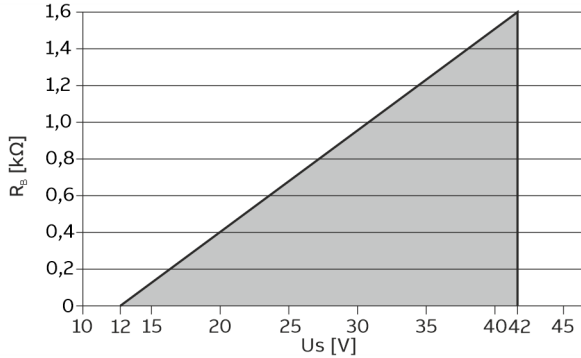


Figure 19: Load diagram of current output; load depending on supply voltage

Devices with HART® communication

Terminals	PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM -
Minimal Load R_B	250 Ω

The load R_B is calculated as a function of the available supply voltage U_S and the selected signal current I_B as follows:

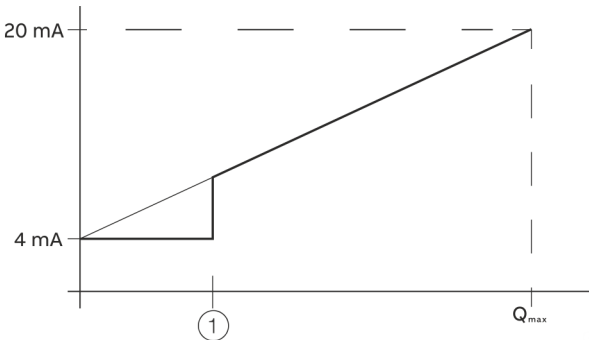
$$R_B = U_S / I_B$$

R_B Load resistance

U_S Supply voltage

I_B Signalstrom

Low flow cut-off



① Low flow

Figure 20: Behavior of the current output

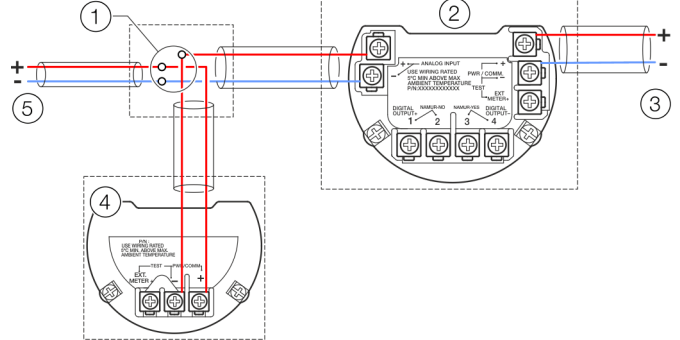
The current output behaves as shown in the figure. Above the low flow, the current curve proceeds as a straight line in accordance with the flow rate.

- Flow rate = 0, current output = 4 mA
- Flow rate = Q_{max} , current output = 20 mA

If the low flow cut-off is activated, flow rates below the low flow are set to 0 and the current output set to 4 mA.

Analog input 4 to 20 mA

Only for devices with HART® communication.



- ① Terminal points in separate cable junction box
- ② VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450
- ③ Power supply VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450
- ④ Remote transmitter
- ⑤ Power supply for the remote transmitter

Figure 21: Connection of transmitters to analog input (example)

Analog input 4 to 20 mA

Terminals	ANALOG INPUT+ / ANALOG INPUT-
Operating voltage	16 to 30 V DC
Input current	3.8 to 20.5 mA
Equivalent resistance	90 Ω

A remote transmitter with current output from 4 to 20 mA can be connected to the analog input:

- Pressure transmitter e.g. ABB model 261 / 266
- Temperature transmitter
- Gas analyzer for the net methane content of biogas
- Density meter or mass meter for a density signal

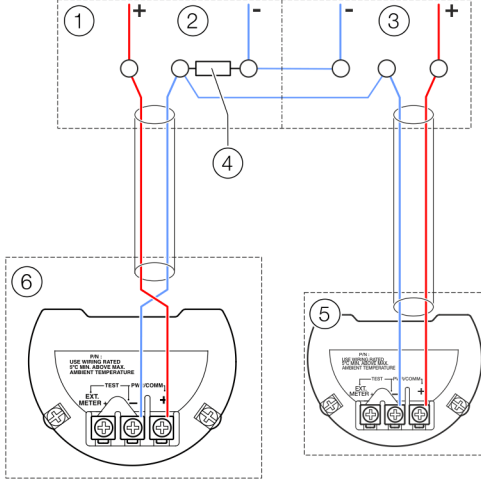
The analog input can be configured using the relevant software:

- Input for the pressure measurement for pressure compensation for the flow measurement of gases and vapor.
- Input for the return temperature measurement for energy measurement.
- Input for the net methane content of biogas.
- Input for density measurement for the calculation of the mass flow.

HART® communication with remote transmitter

Only for devices with HART® communication.

FSx430 connection with output option H1

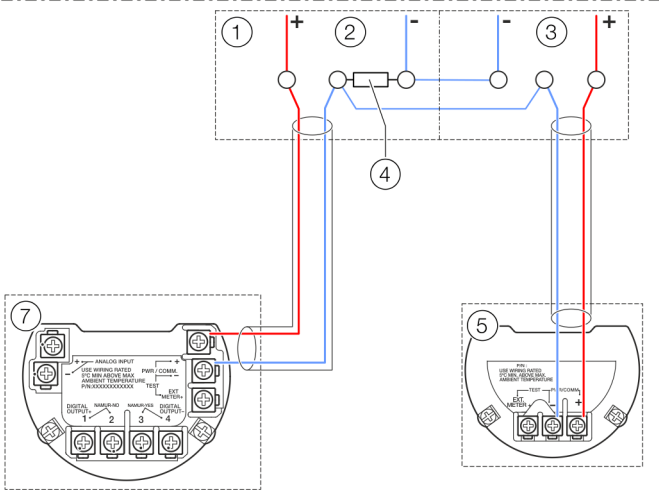


A remote pressure transmitter with HART communication can be connected through the current output / HART output (4 to 20 mA). Here, the remote transmitter must be operated in HART Burst mode, e.g. the ABB pressure transmitter model 266 or model 261 with the 'P6 – HART Burst Mode' ordering option.

The VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450 transmitter supports HART communication up to the HART7 protocol.

Note

The VortexMaster / SwirlMaster cannot communicate with a control system or configuration tool via HART while the pressure transmitter is communicating in BURST mode, because the BURST signal has priority over cyclical HART communication.



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FSx450 or FSx430 connection with output option H5

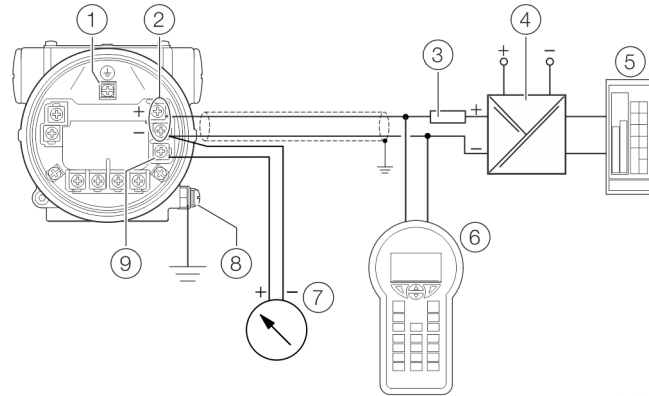
- ① Control cabinet
- ② Power supply
- ③ Power supply for the remote transmitter
- ④ Load resistance
- ⑤ External pressure transmitter
- ⑥ FSx430 connection with output option H1
- ⑦ FSx450 or FSx430 connection with output option H5

Figure 22: Connection of transmitters with HART communication (example)

... Electrical connections

... Devices with HART® communication

HART® communication connection example



- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| ① Internal ground terminal | ⑤ PLC / DCS |
| ② Power supply, current output / HART output | ⑥ HART Handheld Terminal |
| ③ Load resistance | ⑦ External indicator |
| ④ Power supply / Supply isolator | ⑧ External ground terminal |
| | ⑨ Terminal for external indicator |

Figure 23: HART communication (example)

For connecting the signal voltage / supply voltage, twisted cables with a conductor cross-section of 18 to 22 AWG / 0.8 to 0.35 mm² and a maximum length of 1500 m (4921 ft) must be used. For longer leads a greater cable cross section is required.

For shielded cables the cable shielding must only be placed on one side (not on both sides).

For the earthing on the transmitter, the inner terminal with the corresponding marking can also be used.

The output signal (4 to 20 mA) and the power supply are conducted via the same conductor pair.

The transmitter works with a supply voltage between 12 and 42 V DC. For devices with the type of protection 'Ex ia, intrinsic safety' (FM, CSA, and SAA approval), the supply voltage must not exceed 30 V DC. In some countries the maximum supply voltage is limited to lower values. The permissible supply voltage is specified on the name plate on the top of the transmitter.

NOTICE

Any configuration changes are saved in sensor memory only if no HART communication is taking place.

- To securely save any changes, make sure that HART communication has ended before the device is disconnected from power.

The possible lead length depends on the total capacity and the total resistance and can be estimated based on the following formula.

$$L = \frac{65 \times 106}{R \times C} - \frac{C_i + 10000}{C}$$

L Lead length is meters

R Total resistance in Ω

C Lead capacity

C_i Maximum internal capacity in pF of the HART field devices in the circuit

Avoid installing the cable together with other power leads (with inductive load, etc.), as well as the vicinity to large electrical installations.

The HART Handheld terminal can be connected to any connection point in the circuit if a resistance of at least 250 Ω is present in the circuit. If there is resistance of less than 250 Ω , an additional resistor must be provided to enable communication. The handheld terminal is connected between the resistor and transmitter, not between the resistor and the power supply.

Factory settings of HART® Variables PV, SV, TV and QV depending on the operating mode

The following table shows the factory default assignment of process variables to the HART variables (PV, SV, TV or Qv) depending on operating mode.

Operating mode	HART variables			
	PV	SV	TV	QV
Liquid Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–
Liquid Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes
Gas Act. Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–
Gas Std/Norm Vol.	Standard volume	Temperature	Standard volume counter	Operating volumes
Gas Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes
Steam Act. Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–
Steam/Water Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes
Steam/Water Energy	Energy	Temperature	Energy counter	Mass

Possible selection of HART® Variables depending on the respective operating mode

The following table shows the possible process variables which can be assigned to the HART variables (PV, SV, TV or Qv) depending on the operating mode. The process variables can be assigned to the HART variables via the Device Type Manager or the EDD / FDI package in the Field Information Manager (FIM).

Operating mode	PV	Additional dynamic HART variables which can be selected							
		Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquid Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquid Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–
Gas Act. Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–	–	–
Gas Std/Norm Vol.	Standard volume	Temperature	Standard volume counter	Operating volumes	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–
Gas Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–
Steam Act. Volume	Operating volumes	Temperature	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–	–	–
Steam/Water Mass	Mass	Temperature	Totalizer mass	Operating volumes	Totalizer volumes	–	–	–	–
Steam/Water Energy	Energy	Temperature	Energy counter	Operating volumes	Totalizer volumes	Mass	Totalizer mass	–	–

... Electrical connections

Devices with Ethernet APL™ communication

Note

The Ethernet-APL™ protocol is an unsecured protocol (in terms of IT or cyber security), as such the intended application should be assessed to ensure that this protocol is suitable before implementation.

Note

For detailed information on the Ethernet-APL™ interface, please refer to the separate interface description 'COM/FSS400/FSV400/ETHERNET-APL'.

Terminal layout

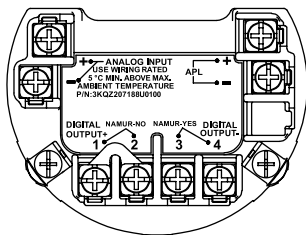


Figure 24: Terminals

Terminal	Function / comment
APL+	Power supply, Ethernet-APL interface
APL-	
DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+	Digital output, positive pole
DIGITAL OUTPUT 2	Bridge after terminal 1+, NAMUR output deactivated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 3	Bridge after terminal 4-, NAMUR output activated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 4-	Digital output, negative pole
ANALOG INPUT +	FSS450, FSV450 only!
ANALOG INPUT -	Analog input 4 to 20 mA for remote transmitter, e.g. for temperature, pressure, etc.

Power supply

Connection values of APL field switch

Devices with Ethernet APL communication

Terminals	APL + / APL -
Supply voltage	9 to 15 V DC
Power consumption	0,54 W

Digital output

For electric data of the digital output, see **Digital output – Electrical data** on page 22.

Ethernet-APL™ network topology

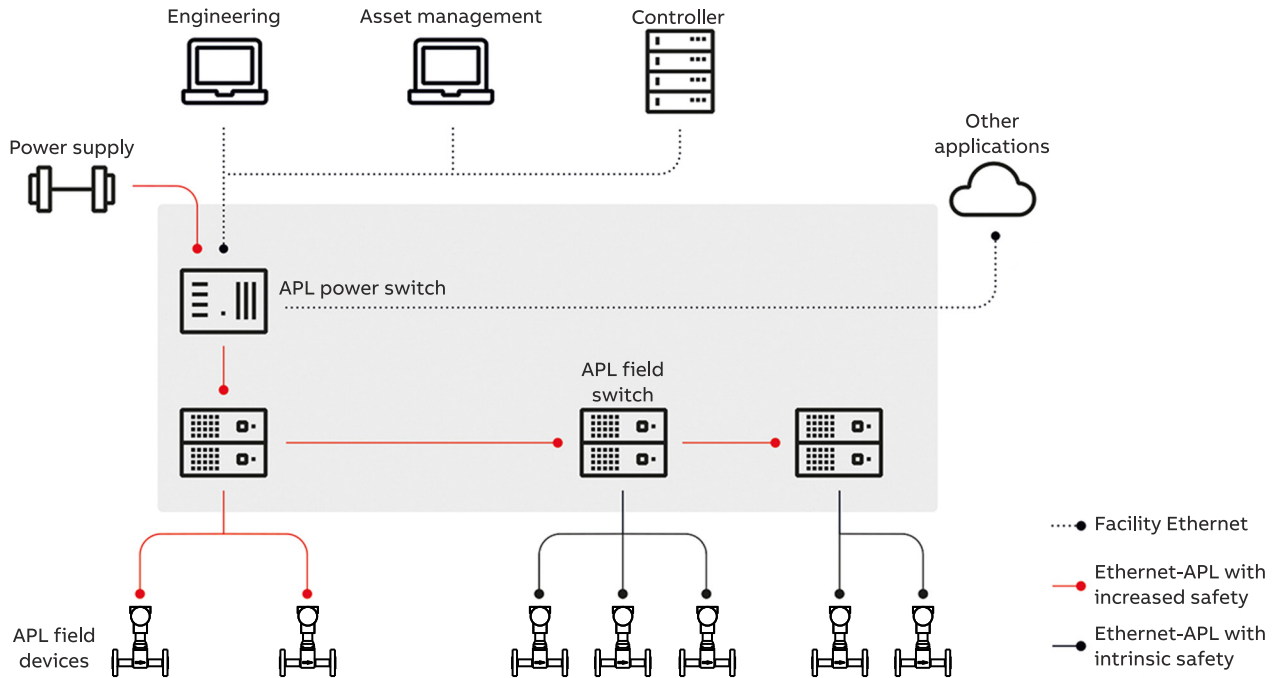


Figure 25: Exemplary Ethernet-APL topology

Ethernet-APL is designed to support various installation topologies, with optional redundancy or resiliency concepts and trunk-and-spur.

The trunk provides high power and signal levels for long cable lengths, up to 1000 m (3281 ft).

Whereas, the spur carries lower power with optional intrinsic safety for lengths up to 200 m (656 ft).

Ethernet-APL explicitly specifies point-to-point connections only with each connection between communications partners constituting a segment. Ethernet-APL switches thus isolate communications between segments.

The Ethernet-APL field switch/device used must be certified for use in the intended hazardous area location.

More network topology used in areas with explosive atmosphere please refer to '[Ethernet-APL Engineering Guideline](#)'. See www.ethernet-apl.org for more information.

Note

The VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450 only support star network topology. Ring and daisy chain network configurations are currently not supported.

Ethernet-APL™ segment lengths

The permissible segment length is:

- Trunk: < 1000 m (3281 ft)
- Spur: < 200 m(656 ft)

... Electrical connections

Devices with Modbus RTU® communication

Note

The Modbus® protocol is an unsecured protocol (in terms of IT and cyber security), as such the intended application should be assessed to ensure that this protocol is suitable before implementation.

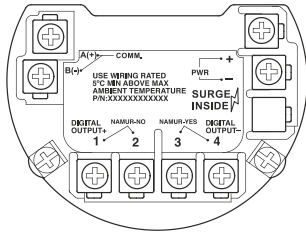


Figure 26: Terminals FSV430

Terminal	Function / comment
PWR +	Power supply
PWR -	
A (+)	Modbus interface RS485
B (-)	
DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+	Digital output, positive pole
DIGITAL OUTPUT 2	Bridge after terminal 1+, NAMUR output deactivated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 3	Bridge after terminal 4-, NAMUR output activated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 4-	Digital output, negative pole

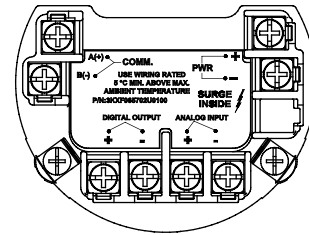


Figure 27: Terminals FSV450

Terminal	Function / comment
PWR +	Power supply
PWR -	
A (+)	Modbus interface RS485
B (-)	
DIGITAL OUTPUT +	Digital output, positive pole
DIGITAL OUTPUT -	Digital output, negative pole
ANALOG INPUT +	Analog input, positive pole
ANALOG INPUT -	Analog input, negative pole

Power supply

Devices with Modbus® communication

Terminals	PWR + / PWR -
Supply voltage	9 to 30 V DC
Residual ripple	Maximum 5 % or $U_{SS} = \pm 1.5$ V
Power consumption	< 1 W
U_{SS}	Peak-to-peak value of voltage

Digital output

For electric data of the digital output, see **Digital output – Electrical data** on page 22.

Modbus communication

Using the Modbus protocol allows devices made by different manufacturers to exchange information via the same communication bus, without the need for any special interface devices to be used.

Up to 32 devices can be connected on one Modbus line. The Modbus network can be expanded using repeaters.

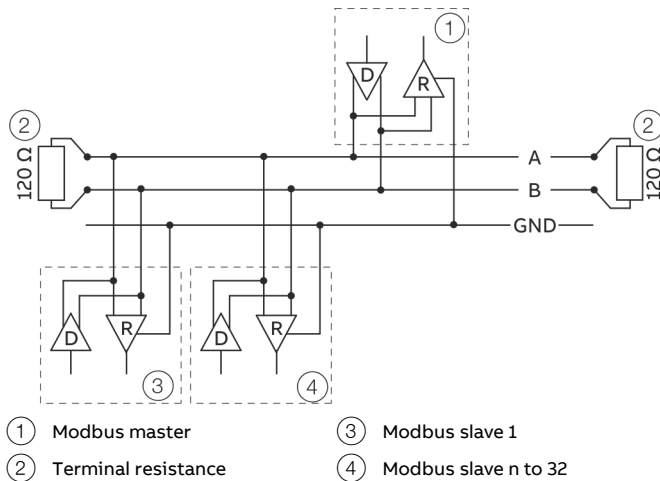


Figure 28: Modbus network (example)

Modbus interface

Configuration	Via the Modbus interface in connection with Asset Vision Basic (DAT200) and a corresponding Device Type Manager (DTM)
Transmission	Modbus RTU - RS485 serial connection
Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps Factory setting: 9600 bps
Parity	None, even, odd Factory setting: none
Typical response time	< 100 milliseconds
Response Delay Time	0 to 200 milliseconds Factory setting: 50 milliseconds
Device address	1 to 247 Factory setting: 247
Register address offset	One base, Zero base Factory setting: One base

Cable specification

The maximum permissible length depends on the baud rate, the cable (diameter, capacity and surge impedance), the number of loads in the device chain, and the network configuration (2-core or 4-core).

- At a baud rate of 9600 and with a conductor cross-section of at least 0.14 mm² (AWG 26), the maximum length is 1000 m (3280 ft).
- If a four-core cable is used in a two-wire system, the maximum length must be divided in half.
- The spur lines must be short (maximum of 20 m (66 ft)).
- When using a distributor with 'n' connections, the maximum length of each branch is calculated as follows: 40 m (131 ft) divided by 'n'.

The maximum cable length depends on the type of cable used. The following standard values apply:

- Up to 6 m (20 ft):
cable with standard shielding or twisted-pair cable.
- Up to 300 m (984 ft):
double twisted-pair cable with overall foil shielding and integrated earth cable.
- Up to 1200 m (3937 ft):
double twisted-pair cable with individual foil shielding and integrated earth cables. Example: Belden 9729 or equivalent cable.

A category 5 cable can be used for Modbus RS485 up to a maximum length of 600 m (1968 ft). For the symmetrical pairs in RS485 systems, a surge impedance of more than 100 Ohm is preferred, especially at a baud rate of 19200 and above.

... Electrical connections

Devices with PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION-Fieldbus® communication

Note

The PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® protocols are unsecured protocols (in terms of IT or cyber security), as such the intended application should be assessed to ensure that these protocols are suitable before implementation.

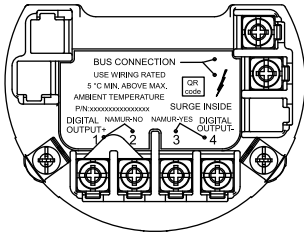


Figure 29: Terminals

Terminal	Function / comment
BUS CONNECTION	Power supply and PROFIBUS PA® /
BUS CONNECTION	FOUNDATION Fieldbus® interface
DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+*	Digital output, positive pole
DIGITAL OUTPUT 2*	Bridge after terminal 1+, NAMUR output deactivated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 3*	Bridge after terminal 4-, NAMUR output activated
DIGITAL OUTPUT 4-*	Digital output, negative pole

* Not active in devices with FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication.

Power supply

Devices with PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication.

Terminals	BUS CONNECTION
Supply voltage	9 to 32 V DC
Input Current	~ 10 to 20 mA

Digital output

For electric data of the digital output, see **Digital output – Electrical data** on page 22.

Cable specification

The Fieldbus cable to connect the devices with each other must fulfill the following specifications.

Loop resistance R

15 to 150 Ω/km

Inductance L

0.4 to 1 μH/km

Capacitance C

80 to 200 nF/km

Cable length

Spur line: maximum 30 m

Trunk line: maximum 1 km

Bus termination

Passive at both ends of the main bus line
(RC element R = 90 to 100 Ω, C = 0 to 2.2 μF).

PROFIBUS PA®

PROFIBUS PA® Interface	
Terminals	BUS CONNECTION
Configuration	Via the PROFIBUS PA interface or the local LCD indicator
Transmission	In accordance with IEC 61158-2
Baud rate	9.6 kbps, 19.2 kbps, 45.45 kbps, 93.75 kbps, 187.5 kbps, 500 kbps, 1.5 Mbps The baud rate is automatically detected and does not need to be configured manually
Device profile	PA Profile 3.02
Bus address	Address range 0 to 126 Factory setting: 126

A device driver in the form of a EDD (Electronic Device Description) DTM (Device Type Manager) as well as a GSD file is required for commissioning.

You can download EDD, DTM and GSD from www.abb.de/flow.

The files required for operation can also be downloaded from www.profibus.com.

ABB provides three different GSD files which can be integrated in the system.

ID number	GSD file name	Blocks
0x9700	—	1×AI
0x9740	—	1×AI, 1×TOT
0x3433	ABB_3433.gsd	4×AI, 3×AO, 1×DI, 3×TOT

Users decide at system integration whether to install the full range of functions or only part. Switching is made using the 'IdentNr Selector' parameter.

Structure and design of the function blocks

Block structure	Supported PROFIBUS ID numbers		
	0x3433	0x9740	0x9700
Physical Block	Slot 0	Slot 0	Slot 0
Analog Input Block (AI)	Slot 1	Slot 1	Slot 1
	Slot 2	—	—
	Slot 3	—	—
	Slot 4	—	—
Analog output block (AO)	Slot 5	—	—
	Slot 6	—	—
	Slot 7	—	—
	Slot 8	—	—
Discrete Input Block (DI)	Slot 8	—	—
Totalizer Block (TOT)	Slot 9	Slot 9	—
	Slot 10	—	—
	Slot 11	—	—
Transducer Block-HMI	Slot 12	Slot 12	Slot 12
Transducer Block-PCB	Slot 13	Slot 13	Slot 13
Transducer Block-Standard	Slot 14	Slot 14	Slot 14

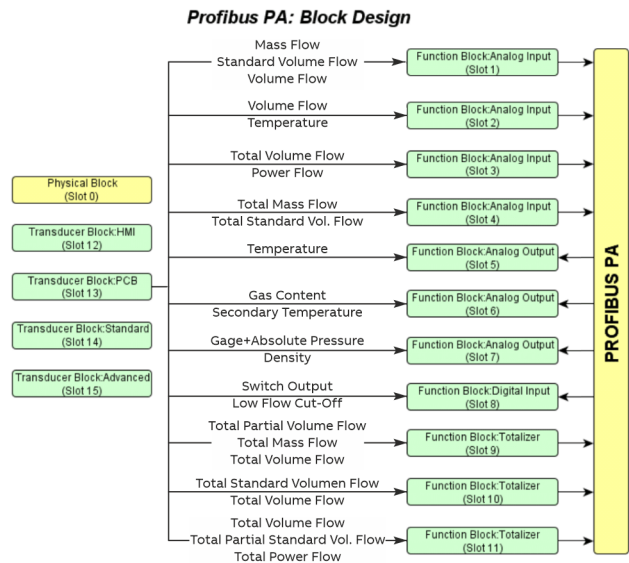


Figure 30: Design of the function blocks

Note

For additional information on the PROFIBUS PA® interface, refer to the separate COM/FSV/FSS/430/450/PB interface description!

... Electrical connections

... Devices with PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION-Fieldbus® communication

FOUNDATION Fieldbus®

FOUNDATION Fieldbus® Interface	
Terminals	BUS CONNECTION
Configuration	Via the FOUNDATION Fieldbus interface or the local LCD indicator
Transmission	FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1 in accordance with IEC 61158-2
Baud rate	9.6 kbps, 19.2 kbps, 45.45 kbps, 93.75 kbps, 187.5 kbps, 500 kbps, 1.5 Mbps The baud rate is automatically detected and does not need to be configured manually
Interoperability test campaign no.	ITK 6.3.0
Manufacturer ID	0x000320
Device ID	0x12C
Bus address	Address range 0 to 126 Factory setting: 126

A device driver in the form of an EDD (Electronic Device Description) / CFF file (Common File Format) is required for commissioning purposes.

You can download the EDD and CFF at www.abb.de/flow.

The files required for operation can also be downloaded from www.fieldbus.org.

Structure and design of the function blocks

Block structure	
Ordinal	Block
0	RESOURCE_2_FD
1	TB0: HMI
2	TB1: PCB
3	TB2: Standard
4	TB3: Advanced
5	AI1
6	AI2
7	AI3
8	AI4
9	AO1
10	AO2
11	AO3
12	DI
13	IT
14	EPID

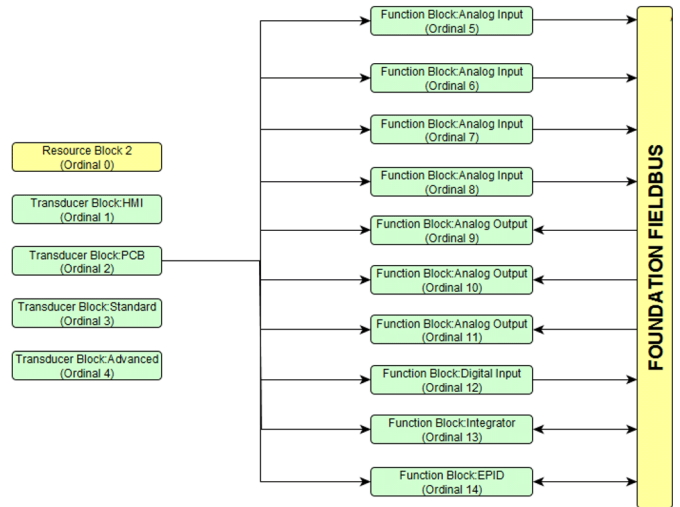


Figure 31: Design of the function blocks

FOUNDATION Fieldbus® Channel Assignment (Channel)	
AI Channel	Process value
1	Volume flow
2	Partial volume flow
3	Standard volume flow
4	Partial standard volume flow
5	Mass flow
6	Energy
7	Temperature
8	Volume flow counter
9	Partial volume flow counter
10	Standard volume flow counter
11	Partial standard volume flow counter
12	Mass flow counter
13	Energy counter
AO Channel	Process value
14	Temperature
15	Second temperature
16	Gauge pressure
17	Absolute pressure
18	Density
19	Gas content
DI Channel	
20	Switch output
21	Low flow cutoff

Note

For additional information on the FOUNDATION Fieldbus® interface, refer to the separate COM/FSV/FSS/430/450/FF interface description!

Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Overview of explosion protection approvals

The following tables provide an overview of the approvals available for explosion protection.

Refer to the appropriate chapter for information on Ex marking as well as electric and temperature data!

Type of protection 'non-sparking' (Ex ec) and 'intrinsic safety' (Ex ic*), Zone 2, 22

Approval	Order code	Ex relevant specifications
ATEX (Europe)	B1	Refer to Type of protection 'non-sparking' (Ex ec) and 'intrinsic safety' (Ex ic), Zone 2, 22 on page 40.
IECEX	N1	
NEPSI (China)	S2	
FM (USA and Canada)	F3	

* Only for devices with PROFIBUS PA®, FOUNDATION-Fieldbus® or Ethernet-APL™ communication.

Type of protection 'intrinsic safety' (Ex ia / IS), Zone 0, 1, 20, 21

Approval	Order code	Ex relevant specifications
ATEX (Europe)	A4	Refer to Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 - type of protection 'intrinsically safe' on page 44.
IECEX	N2	
NEPSI (China)	S6	
FM (USA and Canada)	F4	

Type of protection 'flameproof enclosure' (Ex db ia / XP-IS), Zone 1, 21

Approval	Order code	Ex relevant specifications
ATEX (Europe)	A9	Refer to Type of protection 'flameproof (enclosure)' – Zone 1, 21 on page 52.
IECEX	N3	
NEPSI (China)	S1	
FM (USA and Canada)	F1	

Combined approvals

In the case of combined approvals, the user decides on the type of protection during installation.

Type of protection	Order code	Ex relevant specifications
ATEX Ex ec + Ex ia	B8 = B1 + A4	For combined approvals, the Ex relevant specification of the respective individual approvals apply.
ATEX Ex ec + Ex ia + Ex db ia	B9** = B1 + A4 + A9	
IECEX Ex ec + Ex ia	N8 = N1 + N2	
IECEX Ex ec + Ex ia + Ex db ia	N9** = N1 + N2 + N3	
NEPSI Ex ec + Ex ia	S8 = S2 + S6	
NEPSI Ex ec + Ex ia + Ex db ia	S9** = S2 + S1 + S6	
cFMus NA + IS	F8 = F3 + F4	
cFMus NA + IS + XP-IS	F9** = F3 + F4 + F1	

** Combined approvals B9, N9, S9 and F9 are only available with signal output Profibus PA (model code P1) or FOUNDATION Fieldbus (model code F1)

Temperature resistance for the connecting cable

The temperature at the cable entries of the device is dependent on the measuring medium temperature T_{medium} and the ambient temperature T_{amb} .

- For electrical connection of the device, cables suited for temperatures up to 110 °C (230 °F) can be used without restriction.
- For cables suited only for temperatures up to 80 °C (176 °F), the connection of both circuits must be checked in the event of a fault. Otherwise, the restricted temperature ranges listed in the following table shall apply.

T_{amb}	T_{medium} maximum	Maximum cable temperature
-40 to 50 °C (-40 to 122 °F)	272 °C (522 °F)	80 °C (176 °F)
-40 to 40 °C (-40 to 104 °F)	400 °C (752 °F)	
-40 to 67 °C (-40 to 153 °F)	180 °C (356 °F)	

Cable glands

DANGER

Explosion hazard – Use of the devices in Zone 0 / 20

The cable glands supplied are approved for use in Zone 1.

- If the devices are used in Zone 0 / 20, the cable glands supplied must be replaced with cable glands approved for use in Zone 0.

Note

Devices with a ½" NPT thread are generally supplied without cable glands.

The devices are supplied with cable glands certified according to ATEX or IECEx.

The cable glands supplied are approved for use in Zone 1.

Please observe the following points:

- The use of standard cable glands and closures is prohibited.
- The black plugs in the cable glands are intended to provide protection during transport. Any unused cable entries must be sealed securely before commissioning.
- The outside diameter of the connection cable must measure between 6 mm (0.24 in) and 12 mm (0.47 in) to guarantee the required tightness.

Flame-resistant pipe fittings

The electrical connection for the flowmeter is made via the cable gland on the device. Alternatively, the flowmeter can be connected using an approved flame-resistant pipe fitting located directly on the device.

To do this, the existing cable gland must be removed.

When selecting suited flame-resistant pipe fittings, please note the following:

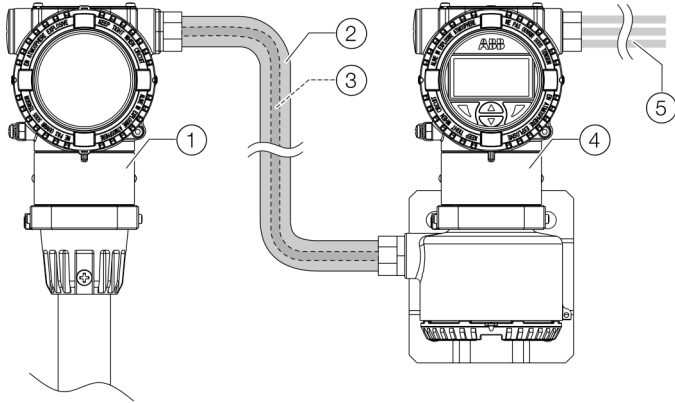
- The requirements set out in EN 50018 section 13.1 and 13.2 must be observed.
- The installation requirements set out in EN 60079-14 must be complied with when selecting pipe fittings.
- The outside diameter of the unshielded connection cable must be between 8.0 mm (0.31 in) und 11.7 mm (0.46 in).

Note

The flame-resistant pipe fitting must be assembled in accordance with the manufacturer's assembly instructions supplied with the pipe fitting.

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Signal cable installation in accordance with cFMus

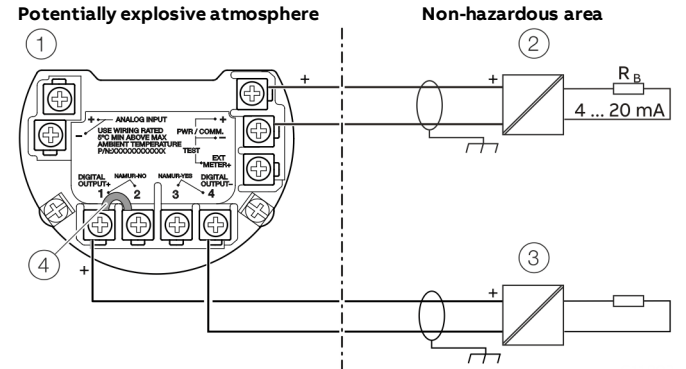


- ① Sensor
- ② Metal pipe system (Conduit)
- ③ Signal cable
- ④ Transmitter
- ⑤ Inputs / outputs (customer system)

Figure 32: Signal cable installation with FM/CSA

The signal cable must be installed in accordance with the FM16US0227X certificate of conformity and the National Electrical Code, 2017 edition (NFPA70), Article 501.10 (a)(1)(a) wiring methods for Class I, Division 1 in appropriately approved metal pipe systems (Conduits). They can be stiff metal pipes with threaded screw connections or metal pipes with threads.

Electrical connections



- ① VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450
- ② Supply isolator
- ③ Switching amplifier
- ④ Bridge

Figure 33: Electrical connection (example)

Output configuration	Bridge
Optoelectronic coupler output	1-2
NAMUR output	3-4

Terminal	Function
PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM -	Power supply / current output / HART® output
DIGITAL OUTPUT+ / DIGITAL OUTPUT-	Digital output as optoelectronic coupler or NAMUR output

In the factory setting, the output is configured as an optoelectronic coupler output.

If the digital output is configured as a NAMUR output, a suitable NAMUR switching amplifier must be connected.

Electrical connection – Ethernet-APL™

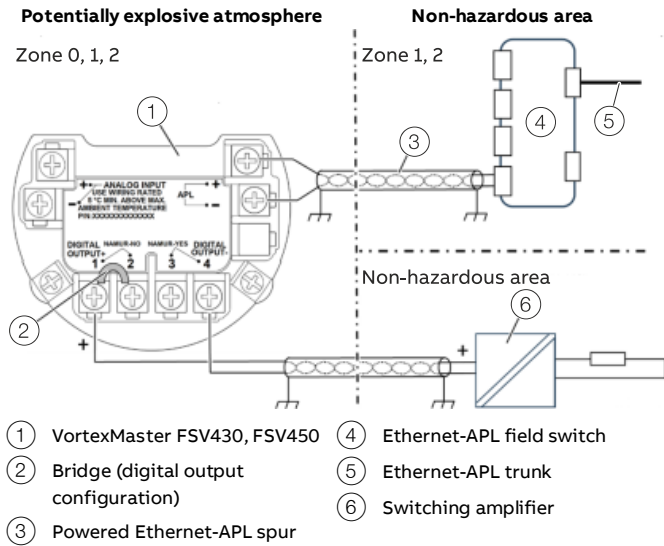


Figure 34: Electrical connection Ethernet APL (example)

Terminal	Function
APL + / APL -	APL spur power class A load port
DIGITAL OUTPUT+ / DIGITAL OUTPUT-	Digital output as optoelectronic coupler or NAMUR output

Output configuration	Bridge
Optoelectronic coupler output	1-2
NAMUR output	3-4

Electrical connection – PROFIBUS PA® / FOUNDATION Fieldbus® FISCO-Concept

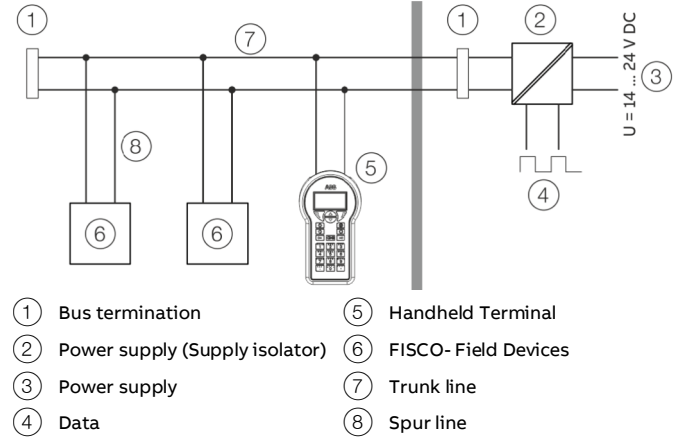


Figure 35: FISCO Control drawing (example)

The intrinsic safety fieldbus concept (FISCO for short) is an intrinsically safe fieldbus system for potentially explosive atmospheres.

Exclusive use of FISCO-approved intrinsically safe devices allows for simplified hookup in potentially explosive atmospheres without the need for costly intrinsic safety installation checks.

The following prerequisites must be met to this effect:

- The electric data of the supply isolator must be less / equal to the maximum permissible data of the field device, even in case of failure. (Intrinsic safety installation check)
- The unprotected residual capacity (C_i) and residual inductance (L_i) of each component connected to the fieldbus must not up-scale 5 nF / 10µH. The bus termination is excluded from this.
- Each intrinsically safe fieldbus segment must have only one power supply (supply isolator). All other components must be designed passively, while the maximum permissible leakage current per component is 50 µA.
- Devices with power supplies separated from the fieldbus must have electrical isolation between the power supply and the fieldbus.

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Type of protection 'non-sparking' (Ex ec) and 'intrinsic safety' (Ex ic), Zone 2, 22

Ex marking

Note

Order code 'Explosion protection: B9, N9, F9, S9' is only suitable with order code 'Output signal: P1 and F1' – PROFIBUS® and FOUNDATION Fieldbus®.

ATEX / IECEx

ATEX – order code 'Explosion protection: B1, B8, B9'

Type Examination Test Certificate FM13ATEX0056X

For electrical parameters, see certificate FM13ATEX0056X

Order code 'Output signal: H1, H5, M4' – HART®, Modbus RTU®

II 3G Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

II 3 D Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

Order code 'Output signal: P1, F1, A1' – PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®, Ethernet APL

II 3G Ex ic IIC T4...T6 Gc

II 3G Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

II 3 D Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code 'Output signal: P1 or F1' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code 'Output signal: A1' – Ethernet APL)

IECEx – Order code 'Explosion protection: N1, N8, N9'

Certificate of conformity IECEx FME 13.0004X

For electrical parameters, see certification IECEx FME 13.0004X

Order code 'Output signal: H1, H5, M4' – HART®, Modbus RTU®

Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

Order code 'Output signal: P1, F1, A1' – PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®, Ethernet APL

Ex ic IIC T4...T6 Gc

Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code 'Output signal: P1 or F1' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code 'Output signal: A1' – Ethernet APL)

FM approval for USA and Canada

FM approval for USA and Canada–

order code 'Explosion protection: F3, F8, F9'

Housing: TYPE 4X

Order code 'Output signal: H1, H5, M4' – HART®, Modbus RTU®

CL I, ZONE 2 AEx/Ex ec IIC T6, T5, T4

CL I/DIV 2/GP ABCD

NI CL 1/DIV 2/GP ABCD,

DIP CL II, III/DIV 2/GP EFG

Order code 'Output signal: P1, F1, A1' – PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®, Ethernet APL

CL I, ZONE 2 AEx/Ex ic IIC T6, T5, T4

CL I, ZONE 2 AEx/Ex ec IIC T6, T5, T4

NI CL 1/DIV 2/GP ABCD,

DIP CL II,III/DIV 2/GP EFG

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code 'Output signal: P1 or F1' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code 'Output signal: A1' – Ethernet APL)

NEPSI (China)

NEPSI – order code 'Explosion protection: S2, S8, S9'

For electrical parameters, see certificate GYJ24.1066X

Order code 'Output signal: H1, H5, M4' – HART®, Modbus RTU®

Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

Order code 'Output signal: P1, F1, A1' – PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®, Ethernet APL

Ex ic IIC T4 to T6 Gc

Ex ec IIC T4 to T6 Gc

Ex tc IIIC T95 °C Dc

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code 'Output signal: P1 or F1' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

FISCO Field Device, 2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code 'Output signal: A1' – Ethernet APL)

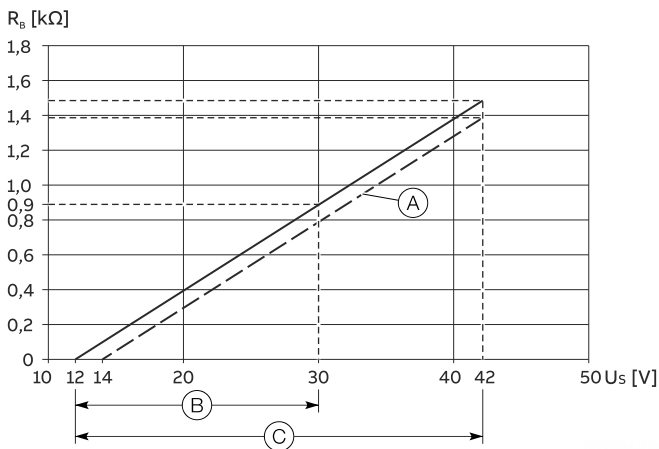
Electrical Data

The symbols used in this chapter have the following meaning.

ID code	Description
U_S	Supply voltage of the device (U_{Supply})
U_M	Maximum permissible voltage ($U_{Maximum}$)
R_B	Load resistor

Power supply

- Type of protection 'Ex ec': $U_S = 12$ to 42 V DC
- Type of protection 'Ex ic' (Fisco): $U_S = 9$ to 17.5 V DC



The voltage $U_S = 12$ V is based on a load of 0Ω .

R_B Maximum permissible load in the power supply circuit, e.g. indicator, recorder or power resistor.

- (A) For devices with order code **S1 – surge protection** or **G4 – enhanced EMC protection**
- (B) Type of protection Ex ec / NI (Modbus devices)
- (C) Type of protection Ex ec / NI (HART devices)

Figure 36: Power supply in Zone 2, explosion protection, non-sparking

Power supply / current output / HART®, Modbus®	
HART terminals	PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM –
Modbus terminals	A (+), B (-) / PWR +, PWR –
U_S	HART: 45 V, Modbus: 30 V
Zone 2:	$T_{amb} = -40$ to xx °C*
Zone 22:	$T_{amb} = -40$ to 75 °C
Housing:	TYPE 4X

* The temperature xx °C depends on the temperature class T_{class}

Power supply / PROFIBUS PA®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®	
Fieldbus terminals	BUS CONNECTION + / BUS CONNECTION –
U_M	45 V DC
Zone 2:	$T_{amb} = -40$ to xx °C* FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816
Zone 22 :	$T_{amb} = -40$ to 75 °C FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816
Housing:	TYPE 4X

* The temperature xx °C depends on the temperature class T_{class}

Power supply / Ethernet-APL™	
Fieldbus terminals	BUS CONNECTION + / BUS CONNECTION –
Zone 2	FISCO Field Device, 2-WISE Power Load $T_{amb.} = -40$ to 85 °C*
U_M	• 17.5V for FISCO • 17.5V for liner parameters
I_{max}	380 mA
P_i	• 5.32 W for FISCO • 2.1 W for liner parameters
C_i	5 nF
L_i	10 μH

Digital output

For devices with HART®, Modbus®, PROFIBUS® and Ethernet-APL communication.

The digital output is designed as an optoelectronic coupler or NAMUR contact (in accordance with DIN 19234).

- When the NAMUR contact is closed, the internal resistance is approx. 1000Ω .
- When the contact is open, the internal resistance is > 10 kΩ.

The digital output can be changed over to 'optoelectronic coupler' if required.

- NAMUR with switching amplifier
- Digital output Ex nA: $U_B = 16$ to 30 V, $I_B = 2$ to 30 mA

Digital output	
Terminals	DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+ / DIGITAL OUTPUT 4–
U_M	45 V
$T_{amb} = -40$ to 75 °C*	

* See temperature ranges in **Temperature Data** on page 42.

Analog input

Analog input	
Terminals	ANALOG INPUT + / ANALOG INPUT –
U_M	45 V
$T_{amb} = -40$ to 75 °C	

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

... Type of protection ‘non-sparking’ (Ex ec) and ‘intrinsic safety’ (Ex ic), Zone 2, 22

Special conditions

- If the type of protection of the device has **not** been marked on the name plate by the manufacturer, during installation of the device, the operator must identify the type of protection used on the name plate in a **permanent** manner!
- The painted surface become electrostatically charged. If the painted surface is relatively free of contamination such as dirt, dust or oil and the relative air humidity is > 30 %, it can become a source of ignition.
- Instructions on avoiding ignition in potentially explosive environments due to electrostatic discharges in accordance with PD CLC/TR 60079-32-1 and IEC TS 60079-32-1 must be observed!
- Cleaning of the painted surface should only be done with a damp cloth.
- It must be guaranteed that the overvoltage is limited to 140 % of the maximum operating voltage of 45 V.
- It must be powered via a galvanically isolating barrier, or the equipment and the barrier will need to be connected using a 4 mm² bonding conductor when using terminal board with surge
- The temperature classification is dependent on the input parameters and the process temperature. See drawing 3KXF065215U0109.
- The ambient temperature range is -40 °C to +85 °C for Ex ec and Ex tc.
- When installed using Type of Protection ‘ec’ the equipment shall only be used in an area of at least pollution degree 2, as defined in IEC 60664-1.

Overvoltage protection

For the devices, the client must provide an external overvoltage protection.

It must be guaranteed that the overvoltage is limited to 140 % (HART: 63 V DC, Modbus: 42 V DC) of the maximum operating voltage U_5 .

Temperature Data

Operating temperature ranges

The permissible maximum ambient temperature and measuring medium temperature are dependent on each other and on the temperature class.

- The ambient temperature range T_{amb} is -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F).
- The measuring medium temperature range T_{medium} is -55 to 400 °C (-67 to 752 °F).

Devices without LCD indicator or with LCD indicator, order code LD / LE

Temperature class	T_{amb} max.	T_{medium} max.
T4	≤ 85 °C	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C	180 °C
	≤ 81 °C	280 °C
	≤ 79 °C	400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C	180 °C
	≤ 52 °C	280 °C
	≤ 50 °C	400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C	180 °C
	≤ 40 °C	280 °C
	≤ 38 °C	400 °C

Devices with LCD indicator, order code L1

Temperature class	T_{amb} max.	T_{medium} max.
T4	≤ 85 °C	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C	180 °C
	≤ 81 °C	280 °C
	≤ 79 °C	400 °C
T5, T6	≤ 40 °C	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C	180 °C
	≤ 36 °C	280 °C
	≤ 34 °C	400 °C

Devices with LCD indicator, order code L2

Temperature class	T _{amb.} max.	T _{medium} max.
T4	≤ 60 °C	90 °C
	≤ 57 °C	180 °C
	≤ 56 °C	280 °C
	≤ 54 °C	400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C	180 °C
	≤ 52 °C	280 °C
	≤ 50 °C	400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C	180 °C
	≤ 40 °C	280 °C
	≤ 38 °C	400 °C

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 - type of protection 'intrinsically safe'

Only for devices with HART®, PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication (order code 'output signal H1, H5, P1 or F1')!

Ex marking

Note

- Only for devices with HART®, PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® and Ethernet APL communication (order code '**Output signal: H1, H5, P1, F1, A1**')
- Order code '**Explosion protection: B9, N9, F9, S9**' is only suitable with order code '**Output signal: P1 and F1**' – PROFIBUS® and FOUNDATION Fieldbus®.

ATEX / IECEx

ATEX – order code 'Explosion protection: A4, B8, B9'

Type examination certificate: FM13ATEX0055X

II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 to T6 Ga,

II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga for output Signal 'A1'

II 2 D Ex ia IIIC T95 °C Db

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code '**Output signal: P1 or F1**' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code '**Output signal: A1**' – Ethernet APL)

IECEx – Order code 'Explosion protection: N2, N8, N9'

Certificate of conformity IECEx FME 13.0004X

Ex ia IIC T4 to T6 Ga,

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga for output signal 'A1'

Ex ia IIIC T95 °C Db

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code '**Output signal: P1 or F1**' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code '**Output signal: A1**' – Ethernet APL)

For electrical parameters, see certificate IECEx FME 13.0004X

FM approval for USA and Canada

FM approval for USA and Canada –

order code 'Explosion protection: F4, F8, F9'

IS Control Drawing: 3KXF065215U0109

IS/S. Intrinsic(ity) CL I,

Zone 0 AEx/Ex ia IIC T6, T5, T4,

Zone 0 AEx/Ex ia IIC T4 for output signal 'A1'

CI I/Div 1/ABCD IS-CL II, III/DIV 1/EFG TYPE 4X

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code '**Output signal: P1 or F1**' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code '**Output signal: A1**' – Ethernet APL)

NEPSI (China)

NEPSI – order code 'Explosion protection: S6, S8, S9'

Ex ia IIC T4 to T6 Ga,

Ex ia IIC T4 to T6 Ga for output signal 'A1'

Ex ia IIIC T95 °C Db

FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816

(only with order code '**Output signal: P1 or F1**' - PROFIBUS®, FOUNDATION Fieldbus®)

2-WISE Power Load

(only with order code '**Output signal: A1**' – Ethernet APL)

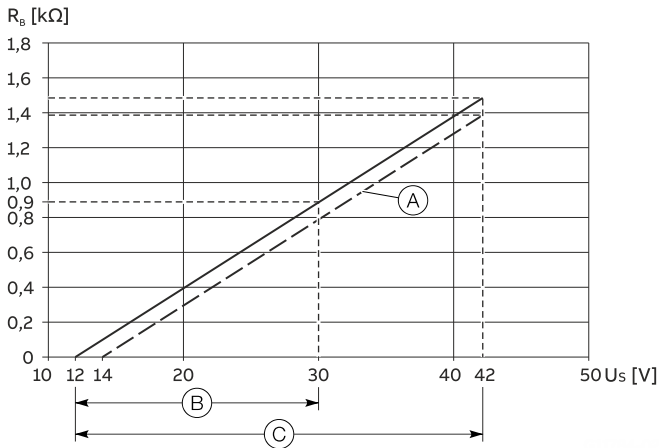
For electrical parameters, see certificate GYJ24.1066X

Electric and temperature data

The symbols used in this chapter have the following meaning.

ID code	Description
U_S	Supply voltage of the device (U_{Supply})
U_M	Maximum permissible voltage ($U_{Maximum}$)
R_B	Load resistor
I_{max}	Maximum permissible current ($I_{Maximum}$)
P_i	Maximum permissible power of the connected device
C_i	Maximum permissible inner capacity of the connected device
L_i	Maximum permissible inner inductance of the connected device

Power supply



The voltage $U_S = 12\text{ V}$ is based on a load of $0\ \Omega$.

R_B Maximum permissible load in the power supply circuit, e.g. indicator, recorder or power resistor.

- (A) For devices with order code **S1 – surge protection** or **G4 – enhanced EMC protection**
- (B) Type of protection Ex ia / IS
- (C) Type of protection Ex ec / NI

Figure 37: Power supply in Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 – Ex protection 'Intrinsically safe'

Power supply / current output / HART® output

Terminals	PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM –
Zone 0:	$T_{amb} = -40\text{ to }85\text{ °C}^*$
U_M	30 V
I_{max}	See Limit value tables on page 47
P_i	
C_i	13 nF for indicator option L1 17 nF for all other options
L_i	10 μH
Zone 20:	$T_{amb} = -40\text{ to }85\text{ °C}^*$

* See temperature ranges in **Limit value tables** on page 47.

Power supply and PROFIBUS PA® / FOUNDATION Fieldbus® output

Terminals	BUS CONNECTION+ / BUS CONNECTION–
Zone 0:	FISCO Field Instrument, FF-816 $T_{amb.} = -40\text{ to }85\text{ °C}^*$
U_M	24 V for FF-816, 17.5V for FISCO
I_{max}	See Limit value tables on page 47
P_i	1.2 W for FF-816, 5.32 W for FISCO
C_i	5 nF
L_i	10 μH

* See temperature ranges in **Limit value tables** on page 47.

Power supply and Ethernet APL output

Terminals	BUS CONNECTION+ / BUS CONNECTION–
Zone 0	FISCO Field Device, 2-WISE Power Load $T_{amb.} = -40\text{ to }71\text{ °C}^*$
U_M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 17.5V for FISCO • 17.5V for liner parameters
I_{max}	380 mA
P_i	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5.32 W for FISCO • 2.1 W for liner parameters
C_i	5 nF
L_i	10 μH

Digital output

The digital output is designed as an optoelectronic coupler or NAMUR contact (in accordance with DIN 19234).

- When the NAMUR contact is closed, the internal resistance is approx. 1000 Ω .
- When the NAMUR contact is open, the internal resistance is $> 10\text{ k}\Omega$.

The digital output can be changed over to 'optoelectronic coupler' if required.

- NAMUR with switching amplifier
- Digital output: Ex ia: $U_i = 30\text{ V DC}$

Digital output

Terminals	DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+ / DIGITAL OUTPUT 4–
Zone 0:	
U_{max}	30 V
I_{max}	30 mA
C_i	7 nF
L_i	0 mH
Zone 20:	$T_{amb} = -40\text{ to }85\text{ °C}^*$

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

... Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 - type of protection 'intrinsically safe'

Analog input

Analog input	
Terminals	ANALOG INPUT + / ANALOG INPUT -
Zone 0:	
U_{max}	See Limit value tables on page 47
I_{max}	
C_i	7 nF
L_i	0 mH
Zone 20:	$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}^*$

* See temperature ranges in **Limit value tables** on page 47.

Special conditions

- If the type of protection of the device has **not** been marked on the name plate by the manufacturer, during installation of the device, the operator must identify the type of protection used on the name plate in a **permanent** manner!
- The painted surface become electrostatically charged. If the painted surface is relatively free of contamination such as dirt, dust or oil and the relative air humidity is > 30%, it can become a source of ignition.
- Instructions on avoiding ignition in potentially explosive environments due to electrostatic discharges in accordance with PD CLC/TR 60079-32-1 and IEC TS 6007932-1 must be observed! Cleaning of the painted surface should only be done with a damp cloth.
- In devices with the order option '**Housing material / cable connection – A1 or B1**', the transmitter housing is made of aluminum and can form a source of ignition through the creation of sparks due to mechanical friction or impact.
 - When working on the devices, only use tools that are approved for working with aluminum in potentially explosive atmospheres.
 - Avoid mechanical friction and impacts on aluminum components.
- It must be powered via a galvanically isolating barrier, or the equipment and the barrier will need to be connected using a 4 mm² bonding conductor when using terminal board with surge.
- The temperature classification is dependent on the input parameters and the process temperature. See drawing 3KXF065215U0109.

Devices with extended EMC-protection

For devices with the order code '**Optional equipment for devices – G4**', power circuits must be connected to the device through galvanically isolated safety barriers.

Devices with PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® output

- For devices in remote mount design, the fieldbus must be connected to the device through galvanically isolated safety barriers.
- The power supply, digital output and the analog input must be considered as separate intrinsically safe circuits.

If the power supply, digital output and analog input are routed in a common multi core cable, the laying and installation of the cable must comply with regulations for separate intrinsically safe circuits.

Limit value tables**Operating temperature ranges**

- The ambient temperature range T_{amb} of the devices is -40 to 85 °C
- The measuring medium temperature range T_{medium} is -55 to 400 °C

Devices without LCD indicator or with LCD indicator, order code 'LD, LE'

Devices with HART® communication – order code 'Output signal – H1 and H5'

Temperature class	T_{amb} max.	U_M	I_{max}	P_i max	T_{medium} max.
Power supply, current / HART® output, analog input					
T4*	≤ 85 °C	30 V	100 mA	0.75 W	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C				180 °C
	≤ 81 °C				280 °C
	≤ 79 °C				400 °C
T4*	≤ 70 °C	30 V	160 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 67 °C				180 °C
	≤ 66 °C				280 °C
	≤ 64 °C				400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	30 V	100 mA	1.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C				180 °C
	≤ 52 °C				280 °C
	≤ 50 °C				400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	30 V	50 mA	0.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C				180 °C
	≤ 40 °C				280 °C
	≤ 38 °C				400 °C
Digital output					
T4	≤ 85 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C				180 °C
	≤ 81 °C				280 °C
	≤ 79 °C				400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C				180 °C
	≤ 52 °C				280 °C
	≤ 50 °C				400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C				180 °C
	≤ 40 °C				280 °C
	≤ 38 °C				400 °C

* Depending on the electric data of the connected supply isolator.

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

... Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 - type of protection 'intrinsically safe'

Devices with LCD indicator, order code 'L1'

Devices with HART® communication – order code 'Output signal – H1 and H5'

Temperature class	T _{amb} max.	U _M	I _{max}	T _{medium} max.
Power supply, current / HART® output, analog input				
T4*	≤ 85 °C	30 V	100 mA	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C			180 °C
	≤ 81 °C			280 °C
	≤ 79 °C			400 °C
T4*	≤ 70 °C	30 V	160 mA	90 °C
	≤ 67 °C			180 °C
	≤ 66 °C			280 °C
	≤ 64 °C			400 °C
T5	≤ 40 °C	30 V	100 mA	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C			180 °C
	≤ 36 °C			280 °C
	≤ 34 °C			400 °C
T6	≤ 40 °C	30 V	50 mA	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C			180 °C
	≤ 36 °C			280 °C
	≤ 34 °C			400 °C
Digital output				
T4	≤ 85 °C	30 V	30 mA	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C			180 °C
	≤ 81 °C			280 °C
	≤ 79 °C			400 °C
T5	≤ 40 °C	30 V	30 mA	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C			180 °C
	≤ 36 °C			280 °C
	≤ 34 °C			400 °C
T6	≤ 40 °C	30 V	30 mA	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C			180 °C
	≤ 36 °C			280 °C
	≤ 34 °C			400 °C

* Depending on the electric data of the connected supply isolator.

Devices with LCD indicator, order code 'L2' (operation through the front glass)

Devices with HART® communication – order code 'Output signal – H1 and H5'

Temperature class	T _{amb} max.	U _{Mx}	I _{max}	P _i max	T _{medium} max.
Power supply, current / HART® output, analog input					
T4*	≤ 60 °C	30 V	100 mA	0.75 W	90 °C
	≤ 57 °C				180 °C
	≤ 56 °C				280 °C
	≤ 54 °C				400 °C
T4*	≤ 60 °C	30 V	160 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 57 °C				180 °C
	≤ 56 °C				280 °C
	≤ 54 °C				400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	30 V	100 mA	1.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C				180 °C
	≤ 52 °C				280 °C
	≤ 50 °C				400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	30 V	50 mA	0.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C				180 °C
	≤ 40 °C				280 °C
	≤ 38 °C				400 °C
Digital output					
T4	≤ 60 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 57 °C				180 °C
	≤ 56 °C				280 °C
	≤ 54 °C				400 °C
T5	≤ 56 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 53 °C				180 °C
	≤ 52 °C				280 °C
	≤ 50 °C				400 °C
T6	≤ 44 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 41 °C				180 °C
	≤ 40 °C				280 °C
	≤ 38 °C				400 °C

* Depending on the electric data of the connected supply isolator.

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

... Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 - type of protection 'intrinsically safe'

Devices with PROFIBUS PA® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus® communication – order code 'Output signal – P1 and F1'

Temperature class	T _{amb} max.	U _M	I _{max}	P _i max	T _{medium} max.
Power supply					
T4	≤ 85 °C				90 °C
	≤ 82 °C				180 °C
	≤ 81 °C				280 °C
	≤ 79 °C				400 °C
T5, T6	≤ 40 °C				90 °C
	≤ 37 °C				180 °C
	≤ 36 °C				280 °C
	≤ 34 °C				400 °C
Digital output					
T4	≤ 85 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C				180 °C
	≤ 81 °C				280 °C
	≤ 79 °C				400 °C
T5, T6	≤ 40 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C				180 °C
	≤ 36 °C				280 °C
	≤ 34 °C				400 °C
Analog input					
T4*	≤ 85 °C	30 V	100 mA	0.75 W	90 °C
	≤ 82 °C				180 °C
	≤ 81 °C				280 °C
	≤ 79 °C				400 °C
T4*	≤ 70 °C	30 V	160 mA	1.0 W	90 °C
	≤ 67 °C				180 °C
	≤ 66 °C				280 °C
	≤ 64 °C				400 °C
T5	≤ 40 °C	30 V	100 mA	1.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C				180 °C
	≤ 36 °C				280 °C
	≤ 34 °C				400 °C
T6	≤ 40 °C	30 V	50 mA	0.4 W	90 °C
	≤ 37 °C				180 °C
	≤ 36 °C				280 °C
	≤ 34 °C				400 °C

* Depending on the electric data of the connected supply isolator.

Devices with Ethernet-APL™ communication – order code 'Output signal – A1'

Temperature class	T _{amb} max.	U _M	I _{max}	P _i max	T _{medium} max.
Power supply					
T4	≤ 71 °C				70 °C
	≤ 69 °C				90 °C
	≤ 66 °C				180 °C
	≤ 63 °C				280 °C
	≤ 60 °C				400 °C
Digital output					
T4	≤ 71 °C	30 V	30 mA	1.0 W	70 °C
	≤ 69 °C				90 °C
	≤ 66 °C				180 °C
	≤ 63 °C				280 °C
	≤ 60 °C				400 °C
Analog input					
T4*	≤ 71 °C	30 V	100 mA	0.75 W	70 °C
	≤ 69 °C				90 °C
	≤ 66 °C				180 °C
	≤ 63 °C				280 °C
	≤ 60 °C				400 °C
T4*	≤ 71 °C	30 V	160 mA	1.0 W	70 °C
	≤ 69 °C				90 °C
	≤ 66 °C				180 °C
	≤ 63 °C				280 °C
	≤ 60 °C				400 °C

* Depending on the electric data of the connected supply isolator.

... Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Type of protection 'flameproof (enclosure)' – Zone 1, 21

Ex marking

Note

Order code '**Explosion protection: B9, N9, F9, S9**' is only suitable with order code '**Output signal: P1 and F1**' – **PROFIBUS® and FOUNDATION Fieldbus®**.

ATEX / IECEx

ATEX – order code 'Explosion protection: A9, B9'

Type Examination Test Certificate FM13ATEX0057X

II 2 G Ex db ia IIC T6 Gb/Ga – II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T85 °C Db

(–40 °C < Ta < +75 °C) supply voltage 42 V DC,

Um: 45 V

IECEx – order code 'Explosion protection: N3, N9'

Certificate of conformity IECEx FME 13.0004X

Ex db ia IIC T6 Gb/Ga-Ex tb IIIC T85 °C Db

(–40 °C < Ta < +75 °C) supply voltage 42 V DC,

Um = 45 V

FM approval for USA and Canada

FM approval for USA and Canada –

order code 'Explosion protection: F1, F9'

XP-IS (US) CL I/DIV I/GP BCD, DIP CL II, III/DIV I/GP EFG

XP-IS (Canada) CL I/DIV I/GP BCD, DIP CL II, III/DIV I/GP EFG

CL I, ZONE 1, AEx/Ex d ia IIC T6 –40 °C < Ta < +75 °C

TYPE 4X Tamb = 75 °C 'Dual seal device'

NEPSI (China)

NEPSI – order code 'Explosion protection: S1, S9'

Ex db ia IIC T6 Gb/Ga

Ex tb IIIC T85 °C Db

For electrical parameters, see certificate GYJ24.1066X

Electric and temperature data

The symbols used in this chapter have the following meaning.

ID code	Description
U_S	Supply voltage of the device (U_{Supply})
U_M	Maximum permissible voltage ($U_{Maximum}$)
R_B	Load resistor

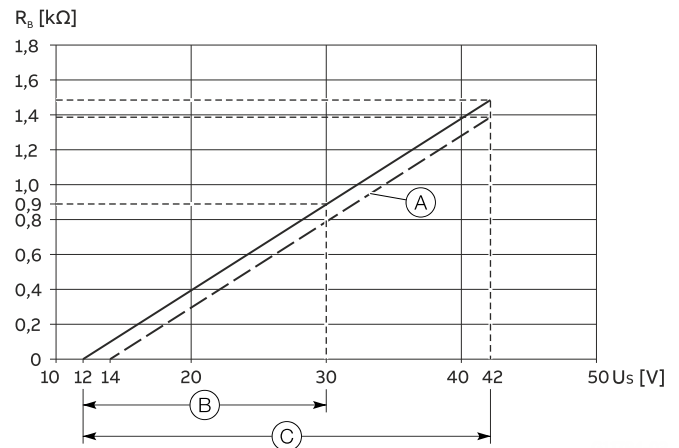
Power supply

Ex d ia Gb/Ga:

$U_S = 12$ to 42 V DC

Note

- The power supply and the digital output must be either only intrinsically safe or only non-intrinsically safe. A combination is not permitted.
- Intrinsically safe circuits must have potential equalization in place along the entire length of the cable of the circuit.



The voltage $U_S = 12$ V is based on a load of 0Ω .

R_B Maximum permissible load in the power supply circuit, e.g. indicator, recorder or power resistor.

(A) For devices with order code **S1 – surge protection** or **G4 – enhanced EMC protection**

(B) Type of protection Ex ec, ia / NI, IS (Modbus devices)

(C) Type of protection Ex ec, d, ia / NI, IS (HART devices)

Figure 38: Power supply in Zone 1, explosion protection

Power supply / current output / HART® output, Modbus®

HART terminals	PWR/COMM + / PWR/COMM –
Modbus terminals	A (+), B (–) / PWR +, PWR –
U_M	HART: 45 V, Modbus: 30 V
T_{amb}	–40 to 75 °C

Digital output

The digital output is designed as an optoelectronic coupler or NAMUR contact (in accordance with DIN 19234).

- When the NAMUR contact is closed, the internal resistance is approx. 1000 Ω .
- When the NAMUR contact is open, the internal resistance is $> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$.

The digital output can be changed over to 'optoelectronic coupler' if required.

- NAMUR with switching amplifier
- Digital output: Ex d ia: $U_M = 45 \text{ V}$

Digital output

Terminals	DIGITAL OUTPUT 1+ / DIGITAL OUTPUT 4-
U_M	45 V
T_{amb}	-40 to 75 °C

Analog input

Analog input

Terminals	ANALOG INPUT + / ANALOG INPUT -
U_M	45 V
T_{amb}	-40 to 75 °C

Special conditions

- If the type of protection of the device has **not** been marked on the name plate by the manufacturer, during installation of the device, the operator must identify the type of protection used on the name plate in a **permanent** manner!
- Consult the manufacturer if dimensional information on the flameproof joints is necessary.
- The painted surface become electrostatically charged. If the painted surface is relatively free of contamination such as dirt, dust or oil and the relative air humidity is $> 30\%$, it can become a source of ignition.
- Instructions on avoiding ignition in potentially explosive environments due to electrostatic discharges in accordance with PD CLC/TR 60079-32-1 and IEC TS 60079-32-1 must be observed!
- Cleaning of the painted surface should only be done with a damp cloth.
- In devices with the order option 'Housing material / cable connection – A1 or B1', the transmitter housing is made of aluminum and can form a source of ignition through the creation of sparks due to mechanical friction or impact.
 - When working on the devices, only use tools that are approved for working with aluminum in potentially explosive atmospheres.
 - Avoid mechanical friction and impacts on aluminum components.

Repair

Devices of explosion protection class of 'flameproof enclosure / Flameproof enclosure' are equipped with flameproof open joints in the housing.

Contact ABB before commencing repair work.

Ordering Information

VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450

Base modell					
VortexMaster FSV430 Vortex Flowmeter	FSV430	XX	XX	XXXXXX	XX XX XX XX
VortexMaster FSV450 Intelligent Vortex Flowmeter	FSV450	XX	XX	XXXXXX	XX XX XX XX
Explosion Protection Certification					
Without					Y0
ATEX non sparking / intrinsic safety (Ex ec/ ic, Zone 2 / 22)					B1
ATEX intrinsic safety (Ex ia, Zone 0 / 1 / 20 / 21)					A4
ATEX explosion proof (Ex db ia, Zone 1 / 21)					A9
ATEX combined B1 + A4 (Ex ec + Ex ia)					B8
ATEX combined B1 + A4 + A9 (Ex ec + Ex ia + Ex d)					B9 ¹¹⁾
IECEx non sparking (Zone 2 / 22)					N1
IECEx intrinsic safety (Zone 0 / 1 / 20 / 21)					N2
IECEx explosion proof (Zone 1 / 21)					N3
IECEx combined N1 + N2 (Ex ec + Ex ia)					N8
IECEx combined N1 + N2 + N3 (Ex ec + Ex ia + Ex d)					N9 ¹¹⁾
cFMus explosion proof Cl1 Div 1					F1
cFMus intrinsic safety Cl1 Div 1					F4
cFMus non sparking and intrinsic safety Cl1 Div 2					F3
cFMus combined F3 + F4 (NI + IS)					F8
cFMus combined F3 + F4 + F1 (NI + IS +XP)					F9 ¹¹⁾
NEPSI flameproof (enclosure) (Zone 1 / 21)					S1 ¹⁾
NEPSI non sparking and intrinsic safety (Zone 2 / 22)					S2 ¹⁾
NEPSI intrinsic safety (Zone 0 / 1 / 20 / 21)					S6 ¹⁾
NEPSI combined S2 + S6 (Ex ec/ic + Ex ia)					S8 ¹⁾
NEPSI combined S1 + S2 + S6 (Ex ec/ic + Ex ia + Ex d)					S9 ^{1), 11)}
System Design					
Integral single sensor					C1
Remote single sensor, 5 m (16 ft) signal cable included					R1
Integral dual sensor					C2 ²⁾
Remote dual sensor, 2 x 5 m (16 ft) signal cable included					R2 ²⁾

1) Only available from Shanghai factory

2) For meter size DN 50 (2 in) and larger only

11) Only available with order code **'Output Signal F1 or P1'**

Continuation see next page

Base modell		
VortexMaster FSV430 Vortex Flowmeter	XXXXXX	XX
VortexMaster FSV450 Intelligent Vortex Flowmeter	XXXXXX	XX
Process Connection Type / Meter Size / Connection Size		
Wafer / DN 25 (1 in) / DN 25 (1 in)	W025R0	
Wafer / DN 40 (1½ in) / DN 40 (1½ in)	W040R0	
Wafer / DN 50 (2 in) / DN 50 (2 in)	W050R0	
Wafer / DN 80 (3 in) / DN 80 (3 in)	W080R0	
Wafer / DN 100 (4 in) / DN 100 (4 in)	W100R0	
Wafer / DN 150 (6 in) / DN 150 (6 in)	W150R0	
Flange / DN 15 (½ in) / DN 15 (½ in)	F015R0	
Flange / DN 25 (1 in) / DN 25 (1 in)	F025R0	
Flange / DN 40 (1½ in) / DN 40 (1½ in)	F040R0	
Flange / DN 50 (2 in) / DN 50 (2 in)	F050R0	
Flange / DN 80 (3 in) / DN 80 (3 in)	F080R0	
Flange / DN 100 (4 in) / DN 100 (4 in)	F100R0	
Flange / DN 150 (6 in) / DN 150 (6 in)	F150R0	
Flange / DN 200 (8 in) / DN 200 (8 in)	F200R0	
Flange / DN 250 (10 in) / DN 250 (10 in)	F250R0	
Flange / DN 300 (12 in) / DN 300 (12 in)	F300R0	
Pressure Rating		
PN 10		D1
PN 16		D2
PN 25		D3
PN 40		D4
PN 63		D5
PN 100		D6
PN 160		D7
ASME CL 150		A1
ASME CL 300		A3
ASME CL 600		A6
ASME CL 900		A7
JIS 7.5K		J0 ¹⁾
JIS 10K		J1 ¹⁾
JIS 5K		J2 ¹⁾
JIS 20K		J3 ¹⁾
JIS 30K		J4 ¹⁾
Others		Z9

1) Only available from Shanghai factory

Continuation see next page

... Ordering Information

... VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450

Base modell			
VortexMaster FSV430 Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XX	XX
VortexMaster FSV450 Intelligent Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XX	XX
Sensor Temperature Range			
Standard (max 280 °C / 536 °F)	A1		
Extended (max 400 °C / 752 °F)	B1 ³⁾		
Housing Material / Cable Glands			
Aluminum / 2 pcs. metric, M20 × 1.5, cable glands mounted	A1 ⁴⁾		
Aluminum / 2 pcs. ½ in NPT threads, cable glands not included	B1		
Stainless steel 316L / 2 pcs. metric, M20 × 1.5, cable glands mounted	S1 ⁴⁾		
Stainless steel 316L / 2 pcs. ½ in NPT threads, cable glands not included	T1		
Others	Z9		
Output Signal			
HART digital communication and 4 to 20 mA			H1
HART digital communication, 4 to 20 mA + digital contact output			H5
Modbus communication with digital contact output			M4 ⁵⁾
PROFIBUS PA			P1
FOUNDATION fieldbus			F1
Ethernet-APL			A1

3) Only with FSV430 in classic phase

4) Not available for type of protection cFMus 'XP'

5) Not available for type of protection 'intrinsic safety'

Continuation see next page

Additional ordering information

VortexMaster FSV430 Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XX	XX	XXX
VortexMaster FSV450 Intelligent Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XX	XX	XXX
Integrated Digital Display (LCD)								
With Display and Glass Cover	L1							
With Integrated LCD Display with Push Buttons TTG	L2 ⁶⁾							
SmartHMI-with backlight & new TTG operation	LE ⁷⁾							
Piezo Sensor Sealing Material								
PTFE (-20 to 260 °C / -4 to 500 °F)						SP0		
Kalrez 6375 (-20 to 275 °C / -4 to 527 °F)						SP1		
Graphite (-55 to 400 °C / -67 to 752 °F)						SP2		
Communication Option activated (only relevant with Ethernet-APL output signal)								
Websserver						GCV		
Profinet						GCP		
Modbus TCP						GCM		
Ambient Temperature Range								
Extended -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F)						TA4		
Signal Cable Length								
10 m (approx. 32 ft) (For remote sensor only)						SC2		
20 m (approx. 64 ft) (For remote sensor only)						SC4		
30 m (approx. 96 ft) (For remote sensor only)						SC6		
Calibration Type								
5-point calibration							R5	
Surge / Transient Protector								
With integral surge / transient protector								S1 ⁸⁾
Sensor Material								
Piezo sensor material Hastelloy C-4								SM1
All inner parts material Hastelloy C-4								SM2
All wetted parts material Hastelloy C-4								SM3

6) Only available with order code 'Output Signal M4, F1 or P1'

7) Only available with order code 'Output Signal H1, H5 or A1'

8) Not available with order code 'Hardware Options G4 – Increased EMC protection', mandatory for 'Output signal P1 and F1'

Continuation see next page

... Ordering Information

... VortexMaster FSV430, FSV450

Additional ordering information							
VortexMaster FSV430 Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XXX	XX	XXX	XX	XX	XX
VortexMaster FSV450 Intelligent Vortex Flowmeter	XX	XXX	XX	XXX	XX	XX	XX
Certificates							
Material monitoring with inspection certificate 3.1 acc. EN 10204	C2						
Material monitoring NACE MR 01-75 with inspection certificate 3.1 acc. EN 10204	CN						
Declaration of compliance with the order 2.1 acc. EN 10204	C4						
Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. EN 10204 of visual, dimensional and functional test	C6						
Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. EN 10204 of positive material identification PMI with material analysis	C5						
Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. EN 10204 of positive material identification PMI	CA						
Pressure test acc. to factory test plan	CB						
Test package (pressure test, non-destructive test, welder an welding procedure certificate)	CT						
SIL2 Declaration of Conformity (Only available with Output Signal H5 and Hardware Option G4)	CS						
Device Identification Plate / Certification and Tag Plate							
Stainless steel / Adhesive label plus wired-on SST plate	TCS						
Others	TCZ						
Documentation Language							
German				M1			
English				M5			
Chinese				M6			
Russian				MB			
Language package Western Europe / Scandinavia				MW			
Language package Eastern Europe				ME			
Configuration Type							
Parameters set to factory default						NC1	
Parameters set customer specific						NCC	
Special Applications							
Degreased for oxygen applications							P1
Hardware Options							
Integral RTD							G1 ⁹⁾
Increased EMC protection (Only available with Output Signal H5)							G4
Operation Mode							
Energy flow							N1 ¹⁰⁾

9) Optional for VortexMaster FSV430, standard for VortexMaster FSV450

10) Only for VortexMaster FSV450

Wafer type accessories (optional)

Description	Order code
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 15 (½ in) / DN 25 (1 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 40	D614L384U01
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 15 (½ in), Pressure rating PN 64 to PN 100	D614L384U15
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 15 (½ in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150 to 600	D614L498U01
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 25 (1 in), Pressure rating PN 64 to PN 100	D614L384U11
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 25 (1 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U01
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 25 (1 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300 to CL 600	D614L414U02
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 40 (1-½ in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 40	D614L384U02
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 40 (1-½ in), Pressure rating PN 64	D614L384U14
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 40 (1-½ in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U03
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 40 (1-½ in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300 to CL 600	D614L414U04
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 50 (2 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 40	D614L384U03
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 50 (2 in), Pressure rating PN 64	D614L384U13
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 50 (2 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U05
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 50 (2 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300	D614L414U06
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 50 (2 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 600	D614L414U14
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 80 (3 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 40	D614L384U04
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 80 (3 in), Pressure rating PN 64	D614L384U12
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 80 (3 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U07
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 80 (3 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300 to CL 600	D614L414U08
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 16	D614L384U05
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating PN 25 to PN 40	D614L384U06
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating PN 64	D614L384U16
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U09
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300	D614L414U10
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 100 (4 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 600	D614L414U13
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 150 (6 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 16	D614L384U07
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 150 (6 in), Pressure rating PN 25 to PN 40	D614L384U08
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 150 (6 in), Pressure rating PN 64	D614L384U17
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 150 (6 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 150	D614L414U11
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 150 (6 in), Pressure rating ASME CL 300	D614L414U12
AISI 316Ti SST (1.4571), Meter size DN 15 (½ in) / DN 25 (1 in), Pressure rating PN 10 to PN 40	D614L384U01

Questionnaire

Customer:	Date:
Ms. / Mr.:	Department:
Telephone:	Fax:

Measuring system:	<input type="checkbox"/> VortexMaster FSV430	Optional
	<input type="checkbox"/> VortexMaster FSV450	<input type="checkbox"/> Integrated resistance thermometer Pt100 <input type="checkbox"/> Digital output (switch, pulse, frequency output) (with integrated Pt100 resistance thermometer, binary output, analog input and flow computer unit functionality)

Measuring medium: (Aggregate state)	<input type="checkbox"/> Liquid	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturated steam	<input type="checkbox"/> Overheated steam
Flow rate: (min., max., operating point)	Operating condition	Standard condition	Mass	Energy
	<input type="checkbox"/> m ³ /h	<input type="checkbox"/> m ³ /h	<input type="checkbox"/> kg/h	<input type="checkbox"/> kW
	<input type="checkbox"/> US gal/min	<input type="checkbox"/> ft ³ /h	<input type="checkbox"/> lb/h	<input type="checkbox"/> MJ/h
Density: (min., max., operating point)	<input type="checkbox"/> kg/m ³	<input type="checkbox"/> Operating condition		
	<input type="checkbox"/> lb/ft ³	<input type="checkbox"/> Standard condition		
Viscosity:	<input type="checkbox"/> mPas/cP			
	<input type="checkbox"/> cst			
Measuring medium temperature (min., max., operating point)	<input type="checkbox"/> °C			
	<input type="checkbox"/> °F			
Ambient temperature:	<input type="checkbox"/> °C			
	<input type="checkbox"/> °F			
Pressure: (min., max., operating point)	<input type="checkbox"/> bar			
	<input type="checkbox"/> psi			
Nominal diameter / pressure rating of the piping:	<input type="checkbox"/> DN			
	<input type="checkbox"/> PN			
Effective inside diameter of the piping:	<input type="checkbox"/> mm			

Transmitter design / communication:	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 to 20 mA, HART®	<input type="checkbox"/> Modbus® RTU	<input type="checkbox"/> PROFIBUS PA®	<input type="checkbox"/> FOUNDATION Fieldbus®
Explosion protection:	<input type="checkbox"/> Without	<input type="checkbox"/> Zones 0, 1, 20, 21 / Div. 1 (Ex ia / IS)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Zones 2, 22 / Cl. 1, Div. 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Zone 0, 1, 20, 21 / Div. 1 (Ex d / XP)		

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HART is a registered trademark of FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

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Sales



Service





Notes



ABB Measurement & Analytics

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www.abb.com/contacts

For more product information, visit:

www.abb.com/flow

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